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For the Province of
HONGKONG TELEGRAPH
For and on behalf of
SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD.

The Hongkong Telegraph

Today's Weather: Moderate East winds with strong gusts at times. Mainly cloudy with squally showers. But there will be fair periods.
Observations: Barometric pressure, 1008.2 mbs. 29.77 in. Temperature, 81 deg. F. Dew point, 76 deg. F. Relative humidity, 14%. Wind direction, E. Wind force, 21 knots. Low water: 2 ft. 5 in at 4.57 p.m. High water: 6 ft. 4 in at 11.17 p.m.

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VOL. V NO. 229

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1950.

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Cabinet Split Rumour Denied By Crossman

London, Sept. 26.

Mr Richard Crossman, leader of Labour's "Keep Left" group in Parliament, last night dismissed reports that there was a split between left and right wings on the Cabinet and the Labour Party on policy.

He was commenting, in an interview, on current newspaper speculation suggesting that the Cabinet was threatened with an internal crisis.

Many of these reports, seen by every Left-wing Socialist as the creator of a real "Keep Left" group, as at the head of a party, are in fact, according to Mr Crossman, not only for an early election but for a more full-blooded Socialist policy.

The Right-wing was represented as rallying around Mr Herbert Morrison, Deputy Prime Minister. "To suggest that there is a split either in the Cabinet, the Party, or among the delegates to next week's Labour conference at Margate is to misunderstand the situation completely," Mr Crossman declared.

He said that with an election in prospect the last thing millions of the rank and file Labour members wanted was to split. "Indeed, there are no issues today which could make for such a division between right and left," he said.

FOREIGN POLICY

On foreign policy, the Government's handling of the Korean crisis had brought it the fervent support of its previous Left-wing critics, with the exception of a few fellow-travellers and pacifists.

The "Keep Left" group, for example, applauded Mr Attlee's "tenacious opposition" to MacArthur's both in relation to Formosa and the question of a seat for the Chinese Communists on the Security Council.

Mr Crossman declared, "Today, both in Britain and America bi-partisan policy is dead, and you have a united left supporting the Government line and a united right resting for the Churchill-MacArthur line."

Mr Crossman said that this had enormously strengthened Mr Attlee's personal position as an ardent supporter of Indian independence, and he was now

represented the Health Minister, Mr Aneurin Bevan, Cabinet Left-winger, as at the head of a party, are in fact, according to Mr Crossman, not only for an early election but for a more full-blooded Socialist policy.

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Middlesex Lad's Pet



Private Peter Munn, of the Middlesex Regiment, seen with his foxhole companion, a puppy he has adopted since his arrival in Korea. Since then the Middlesex has been involved in some heavy fighting.

MARINES BEAT OFF TWO SEOUL COUNTER-ATTACKS

Stiff Fighting Continues All Through The Night

NORTH AND SOUTH LINKED

Seoul, Sept. 27.

The Marines repulsed two night counter-attacks and advanced 2,000 yards in bitter house-to-house fighting, while the Seventh Division repulsed a strong counter-attack on Hill 233 in the Seoul fighting during the night.

Two American forces made junction at a point 32 miles south of Suwon, isolating all Communist forces in South-West Korea. Three Communist divisions were estimated to be in this pocket.

They are south and west of the main road from Seoul recaptured by the Americans barely 24 hours earlier and Taejon, the only sizeable city still in Communist hands.

Tanks of the American First Cavalry Division made a dramatic dash of 72 miles through disorganised Communist forces to join up with patrols from the Inchon beachhead. The American forces which had sped north-west from Taejon in the old "defence box" and south from the Inchon beachhead had met no opposition.

The bold move of the First Cavalry Division from Tabudong, nine miles north of Taejon, during the last four days had cut in half the Communist-held territory in South Korea. Meanwhile the Communists still in Seoul were putting up "stiff resistance" but there were indications that they were pulling out, a Tenth Corps spokesman said.

MOVING NORTH

Air reconnaissance reported that several groups of Communists were moving north and north-east of the city. He said that a group of 500 moving north at a point about seven miles from Seoul had been spotted and were being attacked by American aircraft. Flares crackled in Doyoda Hotel tonight lighting hungrily toward the scattered belongings left by American officers and civilians when they evacuated the city on June 28.

The four-storey modernised hotel was the American billet before the Communists invaded Korea. The Reds had been housed there since but the only un-American feature of the burning building tonight was a dead North Korean in the lobby. Marines artillery shells set the upper floors aflame and flames were creeping toward the street level when a party of correspondents made a hurried visit to the hotel.

American magazines and schoolbooks were still scattered around the lounge beside the remains of George Gerhart's Third Symphony. In small rooms upstairs are dockers and trunks, Korean souvenirs and objects of art collected by Americans who lived there. Shouts from the Marines outside that the fourth floor seemed ready to collapse.

Scottish Hotel Fire Tragedy

London, Sept. 26. Forty guests escaped in their night clothes when fire swept along the corridors of a hotel near Inverness, Scotland early today. The people, a Miss Munro, aged 50, and a 16-year-old man named Daniels, were trapped in the blaze. Firemen recovered their bodies. The fire took hold so quickly that it had almost burned itself out in an hour. The building collapsed before the first fire-brigade had made its 12-mile journey from the nearest town.—Reuter.

SUN TURNS BLUE OVER BRITAIN

London, Sept. 26. The sun turned blue over Northern Britain today, sending anxious citizens rushing to their telephones to ask if the world was ending.

It was King Sol's second prank in three days. On Sunday he startled North Americans by turning purple and darkening the sky.

Today he went all sapphire. Harassed North Britons, normally phlegmatic, curiously dialled weather experts, observatories and newspaper offices.

Weather experts were puzzled. Some said it was due to smoke from forest fires in Canada. Others thought the sun had changed its colour through the refraction of light from clouds passing in front of the sun at an enormous height.

One meteorologist thought that sulphur particles had been blown across the Atlantic.—Reuter.

Communists Seize Control In Austrian Towns

Vienna, Sept. 26.

Communists occupied government buildings in several Soviet Zone towns in Austria today and paralysed traffic in Vienna with a flash railway strike and wild anti-American demonstrations in which at least eight policemen were injured.

Russian tanks openly aided the Reds who completely cut off rail traffic to Vienna.

The Interior Minister, Dr Oskar Helmer, said tonight the Communists occupied post offices, county and municipal office buildings and warehouses in several towns and villages, while 20,000 of their fellows demonstrated in Vienna.

Hitters here tipped over a car belonging to a United States Army sergeant, William Henley, of Colorado Springs, Colorado. The sergeant was injured slightly, and two members of the British Legation staff were manhandled by the mob.

The demonstrations here were called to protest the new Government price-wage agreement. It was not immediately clear whether the Vienna riots were linked with The Soviet Zone seizures of public buildings.

The Reds were broke through Police lines and staged a vociferous anti-American demonstration in Chancellery Square, the heart of official Vienna. Tanks on railway.

Other rioters blocked traffic at every intersection in downtown Vienna and fought with police at various points. Official reports said at least eight policemen were injured.

On the outskirts of the city Communists threw logs across railway tracks or sat down on the right of way. In at least two cases Russian tanks were parked across the rails to prevent trains from entering or leaving Vienna.—United Press.

Cleaning Up Prestige Tangle

Berlin, Sept. 26. Four British military policemen, equipped with a five-gallon drum of white paint and four paint brushes, today cleaned up an Anglo-Soviet prestige tangle which had reached a stalemate after 14 days of high-level discussion.

Under the noses of astonished Soviet guards, a Red Army colonel, they rapidly painted a broad white line across a road junction at which British and Soviet military authorities have been disputing the right position of the boundary since last Tuesday.

Before they had quite finished, an outraged Soviet Army colonel kicked the wooden slat they were using as a guide into the gutter. But a red-faced Brigadier conducting the operation bowed, out what must rank as one of the oddest commands so far in the "cold war."

"Carry on painting," he yelled. The red caps saluted and bent to their task while the Soviet officer turned his back and gloomily studied a nearby tree.—Reuter.

With The Corset He Flew

New York, Sept. 26. An attractive 26-year-old housewife was forced by a bandit to take off her dress and hand over her corset in which she had sewn \$15,000 in banknotes.

The victim was a Polish refugee, Mrs Judy Zaderman, who arrived in the United States only a month ago. The police believe that the gunman may have followed her from a "displaced persons" camp in Europe. He spoke German and had a revolver.

When Mrs Zaderman failed to move quickly enough, the gunman ripped off her dress but he made no effort to molest her. Immediately he had the corset and the money he fled.—Reuter.

Britain Irks German Communists

Dusseldorf, Sept. 26. The Executive of the West German Communist Party tonight called "an infamous act of force" to protest against the British requisitioning of the Party's newly-built five-storey Headquarters here today.

In a proclamation the Communists labelled the British action as "an infamous act of force." They demanded the immediate withdrawal of the requisitioning order, the lifting of the Allied bans on more than a dozen of their newspapers in West Germany, the re-employment of Communist civil servants being swept out of office under a recent order of the Federal Chancellor, Dr Konrad Adenauer, and the "release of all imprisoned fighters for Peace and patriots."—Reuter.

Fresh Promotion For Lord Ogmore Mooted

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

London, Sept. 26. Lord Ogmore is the "Whitchall tip" to succeed Lord Trefgarne who has resigned from the chairmanship of the Colonial Development Corporation according to Londoners' Diary in tonight's Evening Standard.

Lord Ogmore used to be Mr David Rees - Williams, Socialist MP and Colonial Under-Secretary. But he lost his seat in the General Election last February.

He became a Peer in June. He rejoined the Government as Commonwealth Under-Secretary in July. Now Whitchall believes Mr Attlee will move him again.

REAL Scotch Whisky

The fashionable drink the world over is "Johnnie Walker". To have it on your table is the mark of the connoisseur. Ask for the famous "Johnnie Walker" by name.

JOHNNIE WALKER

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EDITORIAL

The End In Sight

DISREGARDING the possibility of outside intervention in support of the Korean Reds—if it was coming, it would have already come with all its grave complications—there can be only one interpretation of the dramatic events of the last few days, the brilliant stroke of General MacArthur in launching the Inchon landing has succeeded beyond expectations and the end of the conflict is in sight. The capture of Seoul and the break-through of the First Cavalry Division out of the Pusan perimeter is decisive. More fighting lies ahead for the North Koreans, misguided and fanatical, must be credited with a stubborn determination, but the ultimate result is today beyond doubt and surrender is likely to come even before the date in MacArthur's personal prediction, the end of October. The line of supply to Communist divisions south has been cut and the cohesion of the enemy forces retained skillfully until a week ago is fast disappearing. The problem engaging the attention of the Command today is not the infliction of defeat, but methodical mopping up. All honour to the American forces which battled so long and so courageously against apparently overwhelming odds and the formidable tank forces thrown in by Soviet Russia. The cost has been heavy, particularly in the bitter struggle for Seoul, but the issue has been forced and it is reasonable to suppose that the casualty list would have been greater had orthodox methods prevailed. It is worthy of mention, of course, that our own naval forces and the Australian and Royal Air Force gave substantial support at a time when the issue lay in the balance. It is also a matter of congratulation that the Middlesex Regiment and Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders rose splendidly to their reputation for dash and daring and

achieved all objectives from the moment that they were called upon. The Korean war, among other things, has restored in good measure the importance of the infantryman, who in the Second World War was inclined to be pushed aside by tanks, aircraft and all the weird weapons which 1939-45 brought into action. Rather curiously, this rehabilitation of the foot-slogger has been partially brought about by the long-discussed defence of Western Europe against the Communist menace, the cause of the world's unrest. Russia, which talks glibly at Lake Success of agreement to reduce armed forces by one-third, has at least 170 divisions ready to launch if she regarded the time as opportune. Europe's small-ground forces, even backed by tanks and the Royal Air Force, could not today withstand such an onslaught. This, of course, has brought into prominence that thorny question—should Germany be permitted to raise an army to defend herself against encroachment? Who can tell what line a re-armed Germany would take? In France, and to some extent in Britain, the feeling remains that militarism of the worst type is so ingrained in the Teuton that no risk can be taken. The Republic which followed the fall of Germany in 1918 was no more trustworthy than the Kaiser's belief in a "scrup of paper" and bad as was the Hohenzollern, he did not fall to the depths of Hitler and his colleagues. The spirit of Nazism still manifests itself occasionally. There is reason to believe that it, too, is merely slumbering. Clearly, the only armed force that Germany can be permitted to raise to share in the defence of her own boundaries is an internationally controlled one. That issue has been engaging the attention of the Big Three Foreign Ministers to the exclusion of most else. And it will come.



SHOWING TO-DAY

FOUR SHOWS AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

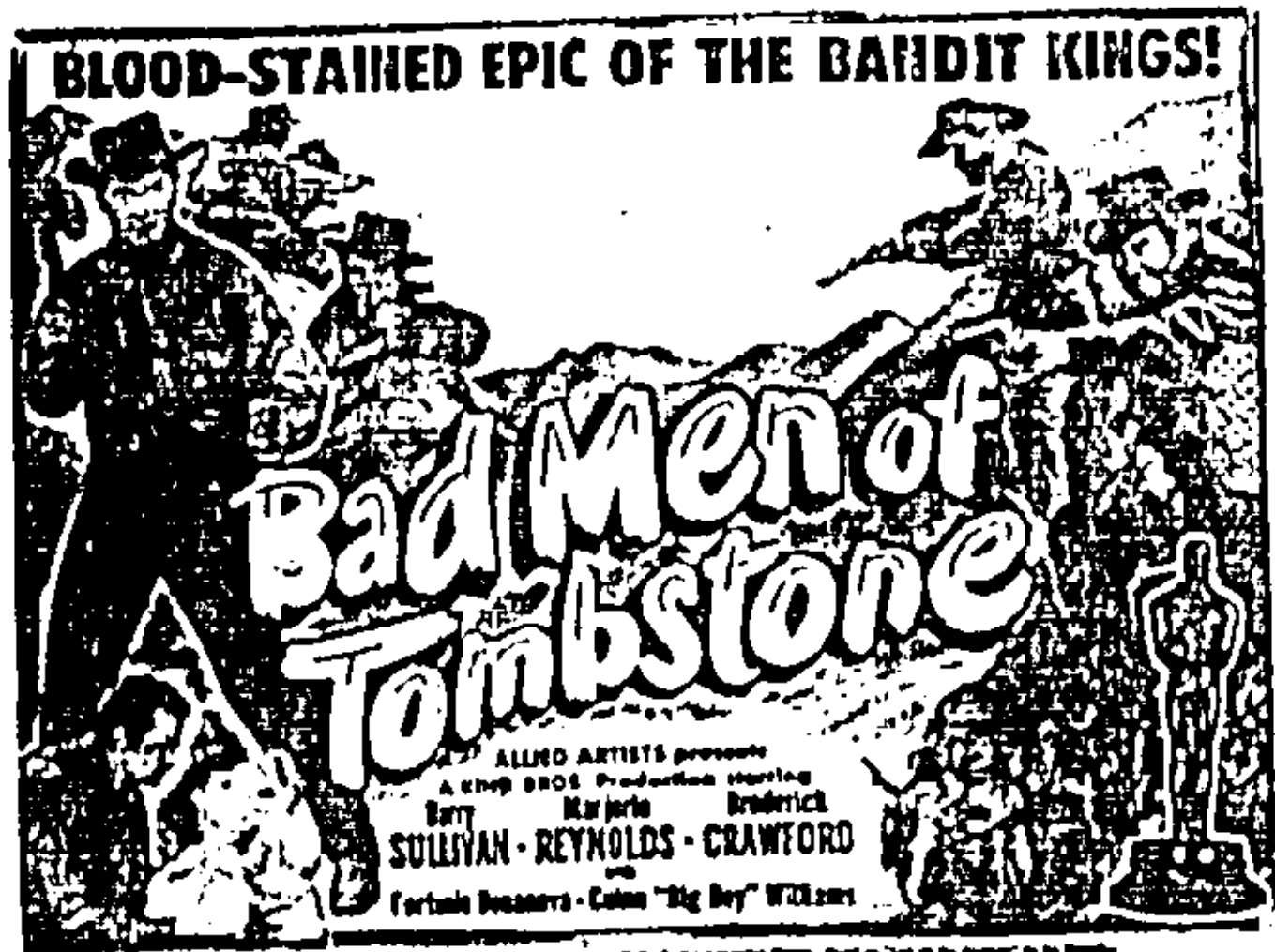


ALSO: LATEST CAUMONT-PARAMOUNT NEWS:—
UN Forces Counter-Attack In Korea — British Troops
Ready for Action — Battle of Britain Celebrations —
Choosing Miss America — Charles, Louis ready for Title
Bout — Scottish Mining Disaster, etc.

NEXT CHANGE

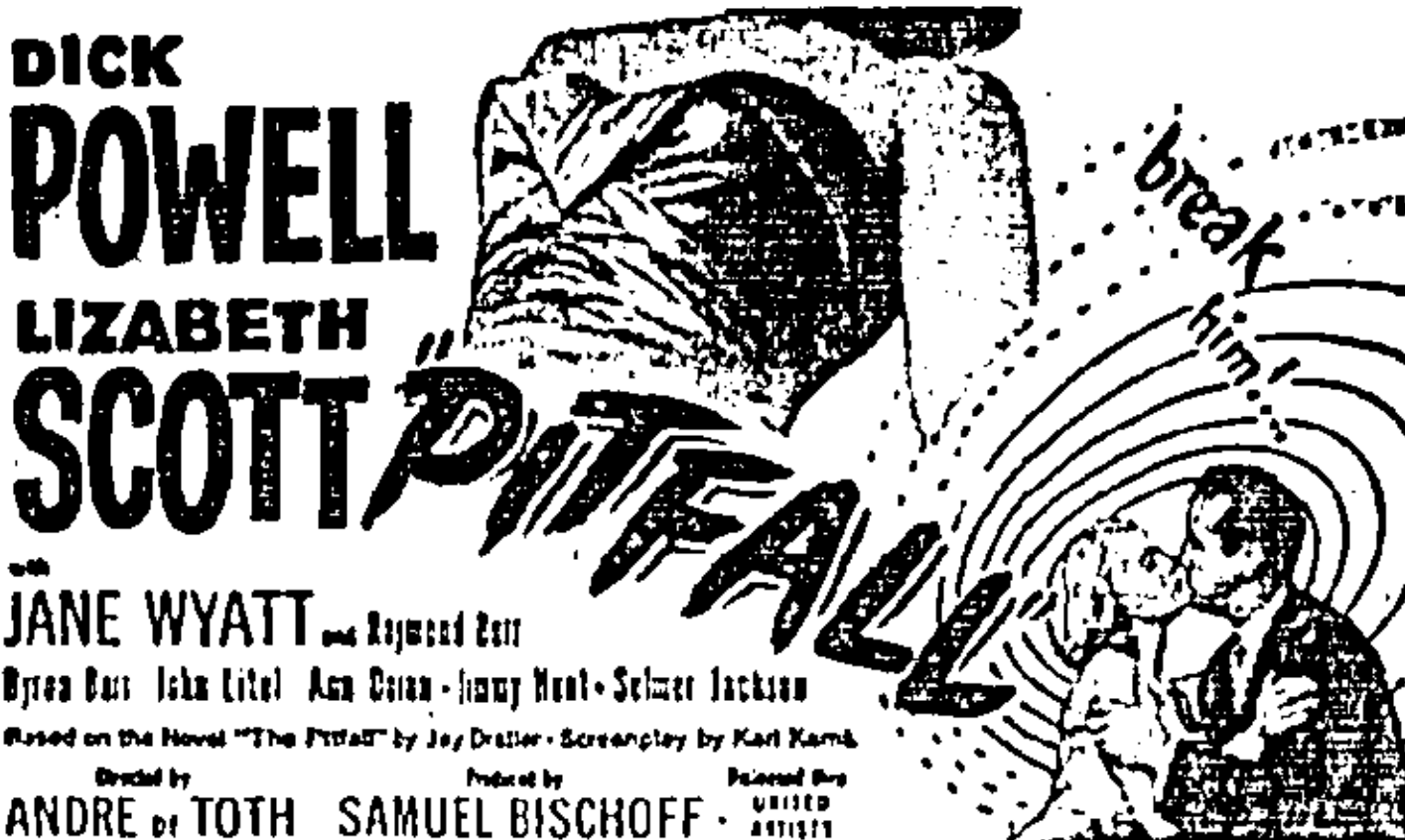


SHOWING TO-DAY **ALHAMBRA** At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 p.m.



NEXT CHANGE **M-G-M's Technicolor Spectacle!**
"THE OUTRIDERS" with Joel McCrea — Arlene Dahl

SHOWING TO-DAY **MAJESTIC** At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.



ADDED! LATEST KOREAN WAR NEWS

NEXT CHANGE!.. DONALD O'CONNOR in "FRANCIS"

SHOWING TO-DAY **LIBERTY** AT 12.30, 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

A Chinese Picture in Mandarin Dialogue

"PEASANT TAKES A WIFE"

小二黑結婚

RELEASED THRU GREAT WALL FILMS.

FIVE SHOWS DAILY **KING'S** AT 12.30, 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

"INTERNATIONAL BURLESQUE"

ADDED: Latest Universal-International Newsreel

Sheer Delight



By ALICE ALDEN

SHEER delight are those town-mannered sheers, ideal for a busy day in the city. And they are smart enough, topped by a whopping big hat, to star for an informal evening of dining and dancing or a session of music under the stars. Paul Parca comes through with a beauty, cut on dart-skin lines, and tucked in sleek, vertical ripples. Hip-curving pockets are outlined with self-welting and the narrow look is defined with a sharp line of welting to simulate a neck-to-hemline clinging. Gold knob buttons anchor and edge the wide pique cuffs.

Problems With Slow Learners

By G. CLEVELAND MYERS, Ph.D.

THE slow learner who has parents and teachers that are patient is fortunate. How keenly he suffers when he is hurried, shamed or rebuked for his hangings, mistakes and failures. No matter how much he lags, he needs to be able to enjoy learning successes in order to keep up hope and to go on striving. Our problem always is to accept him as he is and where he is in any stage of learning and to help him to go forward from there. A mother writes from Canada:

"Right now lack of concentration seems to be our child's trouble. Our boy is seven, in second grade, no kindergarten training. His teacher assures me he has ability but, due to the fact that he's so slow, his grades are way down. He does his work very thoroughly but it's never finished on time. He gets his spelling perfect at home, goes to school and makes a few mistakes, probably because I give him time to finish each word before he goes on to the next one. He is not slow in his play, however. He's a lively, mischievous, noisy, all-around, normal boy. That is why I thought your bulletin on concentration might help."

Learning Troubles

I advise this mother as follows: You seem to have a wonderful appreciation of your young son and his learning troubles. Do go on with your levelness and patience. Be glad he has a yen for thoroughness. Let him know you understand how he gets worried and nervous at school when he can't get things done as fast as most of the other children do. Assure him that if he goes on being careful at home, as with his spelling, he will find it easier by and by to keep up at school. You can hardly hope to cause the teacher to change her ways. Nor would it be wise to criticize her in your boy's presence. Perhaps the mere process of handwriting hampers him. You might, therefore, have him practise for a few minutes a day writing as neatly and legibly as he can under a model line you will write in script for him. Again do not emphasize speed. As he gradually gains in skill he will easily increase his speed.

Do read a great deal to this boy, aiming to cause him enjoyment as he listens. There's no better way to cultivate good concentration habits in him. At school he needs to listen attentively. You will easily discover that as your son enjoys more and more successes at home and at school with his lessons his habits of concentration will improve. This applies to children who are slow learners.

FASHION CREATES HEADLINE NEWS

By Joan Erskine

LONDON. THE asymmetric line of fashion has gone upwards to the head and downwards to the feet. At hat shows in London lately designers have used all kinds of unusual materials to make styles that complement the slim, deceptively fragile, look of the new fashions.

HUGH BERESFORD, in a burst of originality, held his hat show in London's oldest inn, the famous "Prospect of Whitty" that overlooks the Thames. Here, in a large, airy room, to the unexpected strains of a Hawaiian band, we were shown small, close fitting hats, with a slightly forward and sideways movement. Trimmings are used to give additional height and balance, and crowns are slightly deeper, just allowing the hair to show at the back.

Spanish influence

Through the windows we could see the Thames barges moving smoothly up-river, as Mr Beresford told us that there is a Spanish influence in his collection, that his new colours are Peppermint White, Crimson, Dillia, Tangerine, Mauve Mist, and Silver Sand, and that the fabrics are long-haired silk plush, velvet, tulle, and some felt. Cleverly, feathers, ribbons, silk bouffé fringes and veils trim the hats.

The emphasis is on White for Winter, particularly with furs. There is a slightly Eastern look about a backward-tilted fez, and a small shape like an Egyptian ceremonial headdress with long draped scarf attached. Every designer produces at least one piece of nonsense, and illustrated is Hugh Beresford's contribution. The hat has

complete sideways movement, with sweeping felt wings in peppermint white covered with black wool lace.

Quite different was MADGE CHARD's collection. Although she has been making exquisite hats now for about eighteen years, this was her first press show, and she introduced the hats to us by saying that she had "adapted French styles to suit English faces".

To suit English faces

They are all small, and manage to make the large cart-wheel variety seem out of date. Her most interesting model is an ingenious felt affair called "Chameleon" which can be turned into twenty-five different shapes. It can be packed flat, and has a striped black and gold satin band round the folded-back brim. This brim can be hidden altogether by some careful folding.

Birds and plumes

Her prettiest style is the soft folded cap, dipping more to one side than the other. In some cases these caps rise to a point. Forward peaked berets and neat pillboxes are among the others, and the feather trimming is the most lavish seen yet. There are whole birds, with their long graceful tail feathers sweeping down the side of the hat; marabou poms; numi (like burnt ostrich); bird of paradise plumes; coque and pheasant; brilliant parrot and duck; floating sprey, and ostrich tassels.

She makes a cap out of the entire body of a rare golden pheasant, that glints green, rust, gold, bottle and cream. She makes two more feather caps "Day" and "Night". They are small, the feathers curving on to one cheek. Chinchilla feathers, tipped with multi-coloured guinea fowl make the day-time one. Black nuclei tipped with silver sequins and



HUGH BERESFORD has designed the hat (at left) with complete sideways movement, with sweeping felt wings in peppermint white covered with black wool.



MADGE CHARD has designed the cocktail hat (at right) with new rolled brim of black velvet and sequins, with black velvet trimmings rising high in the air, and a tulle crown. The matching gloves are of fine black satin suede trimmed with gold kid and sequins.

finished with bird trimming is used for the evening.

French trimming of thin gold wire, circles and feathers, a diamante dagger, a whip, moonstone embroidery, and azure plumage, which is all colours of the rainbow, decorated other hats. The newest colour is pink brown, the latest idea is hair and gloves to match. Illustrated is a cocktail hat with new rolled

brim of black velvet and sequins, with black velvet trimmings rising high in the air, and a tulle crown. The gloves are of fine black satin suede trimmed with gold kid and sequins, which almost has the effect of heavy twin bracelets.



A "Sunday" Speciality

IN my estimation, a "good" Sunday dinner is not the kind that keeps "Mother" in the kitchen half the day.

Instead, it's a meal that can be largely prepared on Saturday, much of the dinner suggested in this column. Read through the menu. On Saturday you can cook the chicken and rice, prepare the peas and carrots for cooking and refrigerate them in covered dishes; crisp the salad ingredients and put the citrus juice to chill. Make the macaroni cream layer, cover and chill that, too. It improves on standing. On Sunday, dinner can be made ready to serve within 20 minutes.

Sunday Dinner
Chilled Citrus Juice
Tomato-Chicken
Flaky Brown Rice
Green Peas
Thin-Sliced New Carrots
Tossed Salad Bowl
Macaroni Cream Layer
Coffee or Tea Milk (Children)
All Measurements are Level
Recipes Serve Four

Tomato-Chicken
Buy a 4 lb. plump fowl. Clean, remove pin feathers, scrub well and dry. Cut up as for fricassee. Brown lightly all over in ½ c. shortening or margarine. Then transfer to a kettle. Sprinkle with 1 c. minced raw, or left-over ham, 1 minced medium-sized onion, 1 minced seeded green pepper, ½ tsp. mace, 1 ½ tsp. salt and ½ tsp. pepper. Add 1 c. water and 4 peeled, sliced tomatoes, (or use 1 [8 oz.] tin tomato sauce.) Cover closely and simmer 2 to 3 hr. or until the meat is tender. If necessary add a little more water. (If pressure cooked, allow 35 min. at 15 lb. pressure.) When done, add to the liquid in the kettle 1 tsp. butter or margarine stirred smooth with 2 tsp. flour, and boil 3 min. Serve in a border of flaky brown rice.

Macaroni Cream Layer
Scald 1 ½ c. milk in a double boiler. Then beat together 2 eggs, 4 tsp. sugar, 2 ½ tsp. cornstarch and ½ tsp. salt. Stir into the scalded milk and continue to cook and stir until thick and creamy, about 5 min. Add 1 tsp. vanilla. Cool and spread over 1 large layer of plain or sponge cake. Sprinkle thickly with medium-fine macaroni crumbs, and chill.

Today's Dinner
Rhubarb and Pineapple Juice
Escalloped Halibut
Mashed Potatoes
Baked Young White Turnips
Heated Buttered Rolls
Sliced Tomato Salad
Mayonnaise
Gingerbread squares
Sliced Cheddar Cheese
Coffee or Tea Milk (Children)

Rhubarb and Pineapple Juice
Remove the leaves and root ends from tender rhubarb. Cut the stalks in 2 in. lengths; add 1 c. sugar and 1 ½ c. water. Bring to a slow boil and simmer until the rhubarb is tender, about 20 min. Then drain off the liquid. Use the pulp for a tart or cake filling and the juice as a first course at breakfast, lunch or dinner. It may be combined with an equal quantity of pineapple, orange or tangerine juice. Serve very cold.

Baked Young White Turnips
Peel, and cut in thirds, 1 doz. young white turnips. Oil a casserole and arrange the turnips in it in layers, with a scant 1 tsp. flour between each. Pour in 2 c. boiling water containing 2 bouillon cubes, and add 1 tsp. butter or margarine. Cover and slow-bake until the turnips are nearly tender, about 35 min.

Escalloped Halibut
Have a tape measure and yardstick with it. Beginning at right when using it. Measure as you work for greater satisfaction and more professional results.

Buy extra bobbins for your machine, so changing from one colour thread to another is practically instant. Special plastic boxes are available to hold your extra bobbins. Real time-savers!

Buy one of the new canvas platters that enables you to make professional-looking pleats easily and in a minimum of time. Makes pleats for long or short skirts.

Use on any but pile or very thick fabrics. Also good for pleating ribbons and flounces.

Other Essentials
Essentials also are good scissors, a measuring gauge, pad and pencil, an assortment of good quality threads, a sharp tracing wheel, a specially-treated press cloth that prevents scorching and is easy to get right amount of firmness through, a small plastic bowl

Manicure A Beauty Law

By HELEN FOLLETT

WHAT about those pink shells on the tips of your lily white fingers? Did you say that you have been grubbing in the garden and your fingers are anything but lily-like? You have been unfaithful to your beauty obligations. You won't make progress along the good-looking road if you are neglectful.

At least once a week you should have a manicure. If time is at your heels, if you are beset with many duties, cannot have professional attentions, you must learn to do it yourself. It is well to become familiar with the routine so you can get through the matter quickly without injury to the cuticle that surrounds your fingers.

Right Tools

It is important that you should have the right tools; most important are the flexible metal file and the curved needle-point scissors. Both of these should be of high grade steel, so do not economize when buying them.

Don't start with a hand washing. Remove polish, then file, first with the metal instrument. Inter with an emery board. Form a neat oval, working from sides to centre, being careful not to saw into the flesh. When washing your hands with soap suds, use a nail brush. It will help to soften the cuticle.

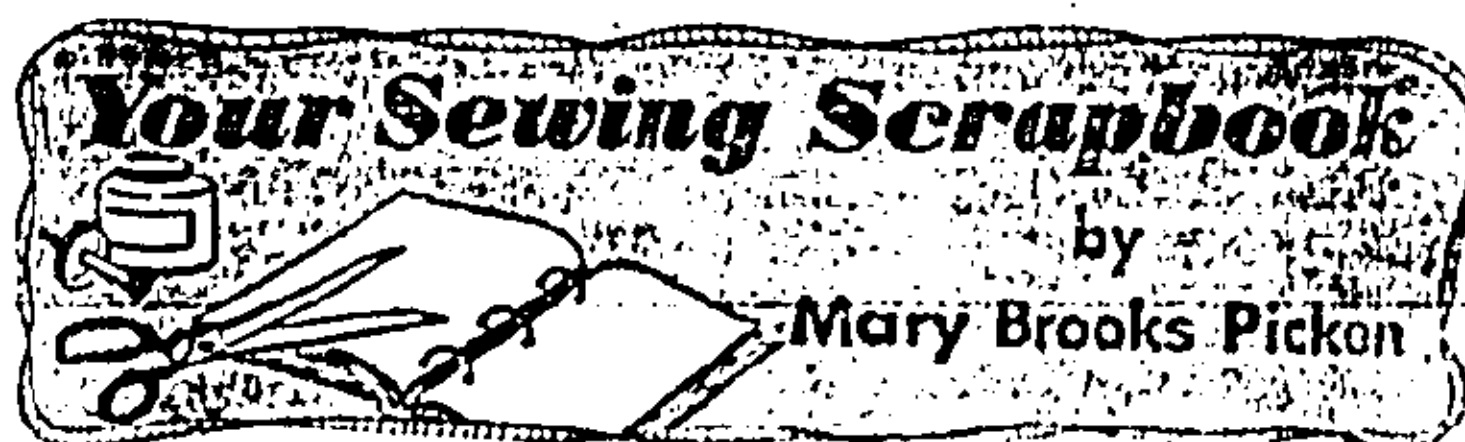
During the hand soaking session pass the nail white pencil under the eaves. Lift the cuticle gently by sending the orange wood stick around in tiny circles. Lift, don't press. If you force the flesh down at the nail bases, where new cells are forming in the underlying matrix, you may find yourself with a deformed nail.

Before treating the cuticle, it is wise to apply mineral oil or a special cream made for the purpose. Another hand washing, rinsing and drying and you are ready to apply the rosy glow.

Household Hints

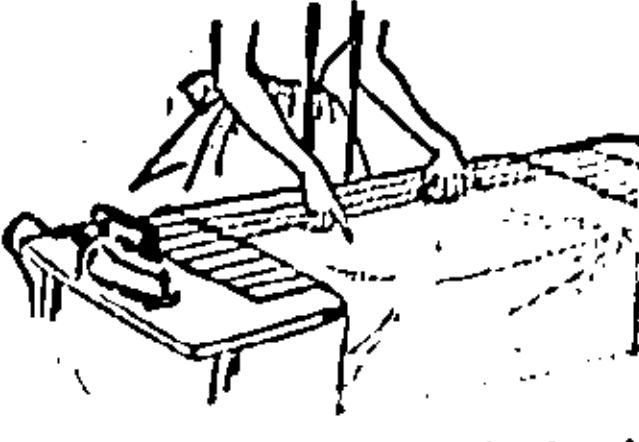
If you forget to pack a needle and thread when you travel, you can use transparent tape to fix a ripped hem, hold together a torn shoulder strap, stop a run in your nylon or patch a split raincoat.

Sprinkle salt, cornstarch or talcum powder on stains to keep them from setting until they can be laundered.



Save Time, Speed Work, With Professional Sewing Aids

WITH your sewing equipment, have these essentials. Keep a muslin bag of French chalk at hand so you can dust your fingers often, thus keeping them clean, free of moisture and in condition to handle delicate fabrics. French hand-workers use this; why shouldn't you?



Keep pieces of tailor's chalk for woollens, and coloured chalk in your sewing box so you can mark notches, allowances, tuckings, lines, hems, spaces for gathers—all to save your time and speed your work.

Tape Measure and Yardstick
Have a tape measure and yardstick with it. Beginning at right when using it. Measure as you work for greater satisfaction and more professional results.

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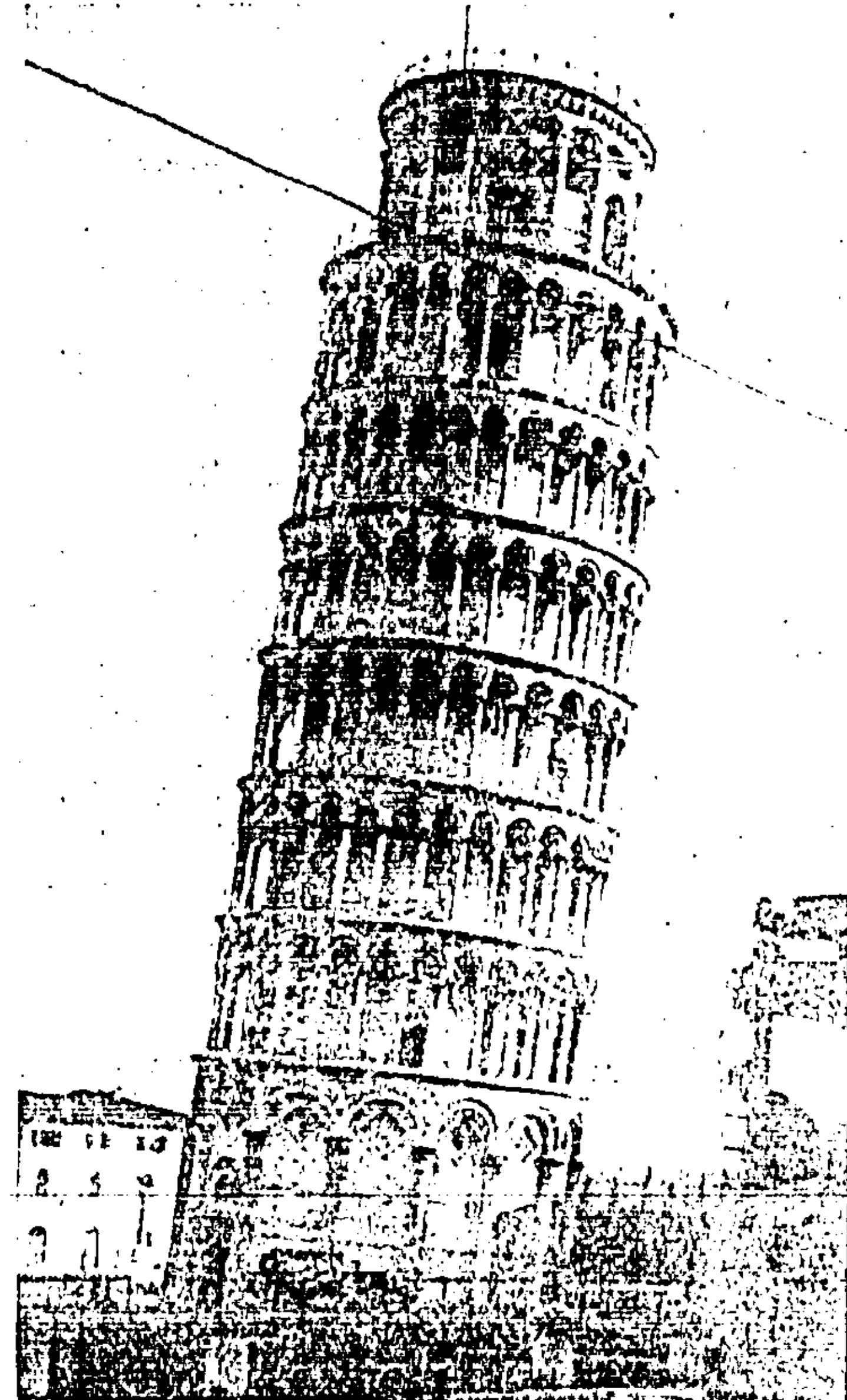
TOMORROW: REDDING STOCKING HOLDER MAKES A CHARMING GIFT

Nice Playmate



ACTRESS Elizabeth Taylor offers a kiss to her French poodle, Banco, in New York. Liz and her new groom, Conrad Hilton, Jr., have arrived back in the U.S. after a European honeymoon. The young star will resume movie-making in Hollywood, while her husband assumes presidency of a California hotel. (Acme)

Tilting Over



ACCORDING to Italian Government scientists, the famed Leaning Tower of Pisa may soon become a toppled tower if something is not done to stop the rate at which it keeps tilting. The rate of inclination is greater than before due to the action of underground water upon the tower's foundation. (Acme)

Somewhat On The Weary Side



Pfc. William H. Wright, of Shawnee, Oklahoma, is cleaning his M1 carbine in southern Korea, as his knees protrude from his fatigues. Wright spent eight days with his outfit, the 27th Regiment, without sleep or rest on the front line, and an opportunity to clean a weapon was rare during those harrowing days. (Acme)

OBSTACLES TO EDUCATION IN THE COLONIES

By E. B. Timothy London.

The solution of practically all of the many problems in the Colonies lies in the field of education. Is the right type of education being given in the Colonies today? The question is being answered, unfortunately, too much according to varying political viewpoints.

It has to be said there are many obstacles to the spread of education—lack of adequate schools to cope with the increasing demands, a paucity of qualified teachers, and shortage of equipment are the major impediments.

In spite of these odds it can be generally agreed that the Colonial Governments and the Colonial Office have made and are making remarkable efforts to translate their educational policy for the Colonies into results.

In Malaya, a grant for the establishment of a new Technical College has been approved. In Jamaica, a University College for the West Indies has been established; in West Africa, two new University Colleges and two Colleges of Arts, Crafts and Technology have been established in the Gold Coast and Nigeria, while in Sierra Leone, Fourah Bay College (which is affiliated to

Durham University) has now opened a Teacher-Training Department in addition to its university academic courses. In the Sudan, Gordon College provides courses to degree standard; likewise Makerere College in Uganda.

MUST BE ANSWERED

All these Colleges are engaged in the arduous but by no means unprofitable task of moulding the men and women who shall steer the wheels of destiny in the Colonies when they emerge to political maturity. Most of these University Colleges have extra-mural departments which deal with civic studies, the arts and the problem of illiteracy.

But there are questions which must be answered by those who formulate educational methods and policies in the Colonies. What type of education should be given? Education for what—appreciation or production? Should education be taught in the Colonies be related to local histories, traditions and environment?

These are some of the questions now exercising the minds of those in authority. They are faced today with unmistakable evidence of cultural renaissance in West Africa and cultural evolution in the West Indies.

A curious thing among the majority of educated Colonialists is that while they possess a fairly sound knowledge of English or European history, they know little or nothing of the history of their own countries.

A distinguished Trinidadian, Dr. Eric Williams, had to confess recently: "...I had studied the city states of ancient Greece ... but I had barely heard of Jamaica, Martinique and Cuba ... History was not without honour save that of one's own country."

Education in the Colonies must be related to the social needs of the region. Elementary education should become a folk training which should give all alike a traditional background that will stimulate.

CIVIC SPIRIT

Monumental history is a stirring, vital thing; it can be touched. In every town in the Colonies, every child-citizen should know the story and antiquities of that place. One of the ways in which civic spirit, pride and patriotism must be born is in the sense of historical continuity. The need is for the formation of local historical societies in the various Colonial territories.

Such societies have a fascinating work before them, in the collecting of local records and the preservation of old buildings in the marking of historic sites. A knowledge of local traditions, arts and music is a sound basis for the promotion of a healthy national spirit among Colonial peoples.

This is a task for the Colonial University Colleges. It is also a challenge for Colonial writers and artists who are uniquely qualified to preserve their cultural heritage through the medium of books, sculptures, painting and music.

Chile Military Funeral



TROOPS of the Chilean Army march in the funeral procession of Arturo Alessandri Palma, former President of Chile. Some of the thousands of spectators climbed up the sides of buildings and hung on window grilles to view the solemn procession. Many soldiers carried wreaths to place on their former President's grave. (Acme)

Film's Role In Festival Of Britain

The film is destined to play an important part in the Festival of Britain 1951—and it will have many different applications.

The British Broadcasting Corporation, for instance, is making a series of six films especially for television as part of its contribution to the Festival. Under the provision of the "The Face of Britain," at little "The Face of Britain," they will record many facets of life in Britain today.

Film No. 1, introducing the series, will display the character of the people who inhabit the United Kingdom—their idiosyncrasies, victories and, sometimes, their failings, and tell of their contribution to civilization and the spirit in which they face the future.

The second film will depict Britain's landscape, the beauty of the countryside and its natural wealth. In the third film, the theme will be the lives and minds of Britons and given them security, food, trade and enjoyment.

A SYMPOSIUM

Britain's industries and science will be shown in the fourth film, and the fifth will cover the arts, with a sound track giving a symposium of British music and poetry. The sixth and final film will look into the future with stress on the education of the people of tomorrow. Schools and universities will be brought into the picture to show how Britain's future is being shaped into a framework worthy of its children.

Another film of a completely different character but which has also been made for the Festival was recently flown to Salisbury in Southern Rhodesia, for its world premiere. Originally it was intended that the film should not be seen until the Festival opens next year, but the authorities concerned agreed it should form part of the celebrations to mark the fiftieth anniversary of South Rhodesian settlement.

Designed for children, and starring the boy actors John Londen and Ivor Bowyer, the film is based on a true story about a trek from the Transvaal, in the Union of South Africa, northwards into Rhodesia. The picture was filmed in Africa by G. B. In-structional Films, the Rank Organisation's Children's Entertainment Films. In Britain it will be known as "Trek to Mashamba"; in Africa as "Adventurous Trail."

London Diary:

HE HOLDS ONE OF BBC'S HIGHEST PAID JOBS

THE BBC are to lose their "housekeeper"—Mr Ralph Wade, who looks after the whole of the Corporation's premises in London. He was 60, the BBC's retiring age, in January; is leaving on his 61st birthday.

Wade's official title is Head of London Area. He looks after the interests of the 8000 BBC staff scattered in 50 buildings which are his concern.

He is a Cornishman, short and ebullient. Wade joined the BBC at Savoy Hill in 1923, tells how it came about.

He was working at the War Office when he received a telegram asking him to ring a Regiment number.

He did so and found himself talking to Sir John (now Lord) Reith. Sir John asked him to join the BBC.

"I had never heard of the BBC, and did not know what the initials stood for," says Wade.

The BBC was only three months old when he joined.

Wade has a high opinion of Reith as the builder of radio. "Some people called him a martinet, but he knew how to get things done."

Of the present director-general, Sir William Haley, Wade says: "He is a second Reith."

The BBC are now looking for the man to take Wade's "lace." The job is worth £1950 a year. This is one of the highest salaries paid by the BBC.

46 YEARS IN NAVY

AFTER 46 years in the Royal Navy, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Algernon Willis has hauled down his flag as Commander-in-Chief, Portsmouth.

He has held this appointment since May 1948, when he succeeded Lord Fraser. He hands over to Admiral Sir Arthur Power, who is 51.

An Admiral of the Fleet, like a Field Marshal, never retires. His active pay is £9 a day. If the Board of Admiralty decide there is no appointment for him, he goes on so-called half-pay—in this case £1800 a year.

Willis, at 61, is going to live at Petersfield with his wife Olive, who is Mrs Attlee's sister.

CAREFUL BRITON

FROM Lord Balfour of Inchrye, who is staying at Monte Carlo, has come an account of life on the Riviera.

He says you can always spot the British visitor in a restaurant. He searches the menu to find the cheapest dishes. He checks his bill carefully.

It is only those belonging to ex-occupied and ex-liberated countries, says Lord Balfour, who seem able to afford to ignore such things as menu prices.

In contrast to the victorious British, who have to watch each franc, these citizens have the largest cars, most expensive clothes and best accommodation. For them is reserved the places at the "big table" in the Casino.

IN DRIPS?

AN alarming adventure has happened to Admiral Richard L. Conolly, C-in-C United States Naval Forces, Eastern Atlantic and Mediterranean.

INVESTITURE

BEFORE the Queen left Balmoral with Princess Margaret to attend the Edinburgh Festival, the King sent for her lady-in-waiting, Lady Della Peel. He invested her with the insignia of a Dame Commander of the Royal Victorian Order.

Reason? After 11 years' service to the Queen as a Woman of the Bedchamber, Lady Della resigned last July. But at the Queen's urgent request she agreed to be appointed as Extra Woman for emergency service and special occasions. She is now with the Queen in Edinburgh.

Lady Della, quiet, efficient and discreet, is 61. Her father, the sixth Earl Spencer, was Queen Victoria's Groom-in-Waiting.

It is a rare thing for the King to hold a private investiture—especially of a woman.

THEY NEVER SMILE

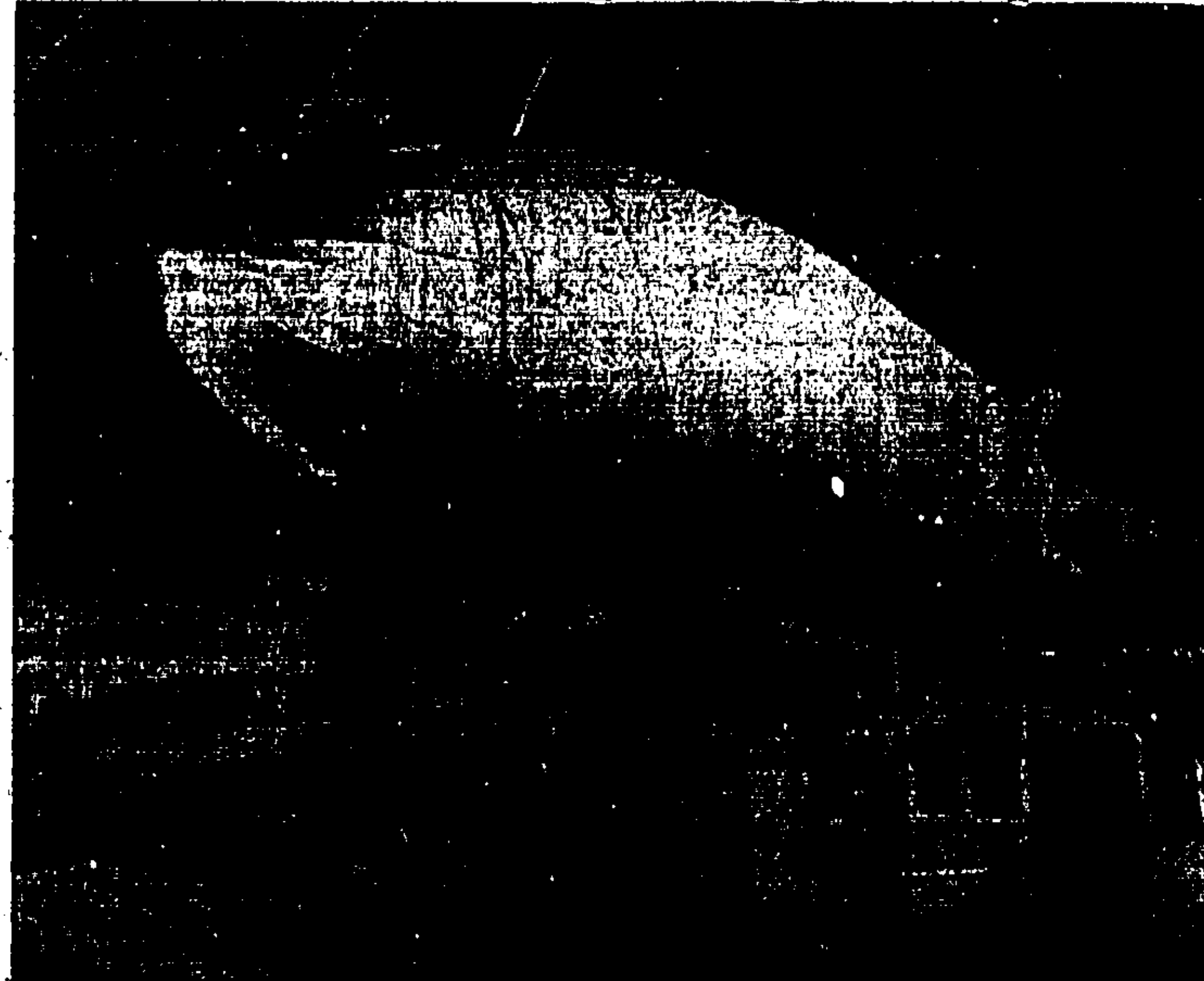
BACK from Vienna, where he has been watching his wife, Patricia Knight, play the

Wig Surprise



SIR Laurence Olivier is getting his first glimpse of wife Vivien Leigh's blonde wig as they meet for luncheon in Hollywood. Vivien wears it in "A Streetcar Named Desire." (Acme)

Submarine-Spotting Blimp



CONSTRUCTION of the world's largest blimp is well under way in Akron, Ohio. Made for the U.S. Navy at a cost of \$5,000,000, it will be used mainly for spotting submarines, has a crew of 14 men and travels as fast as 75 knots. (Acme)

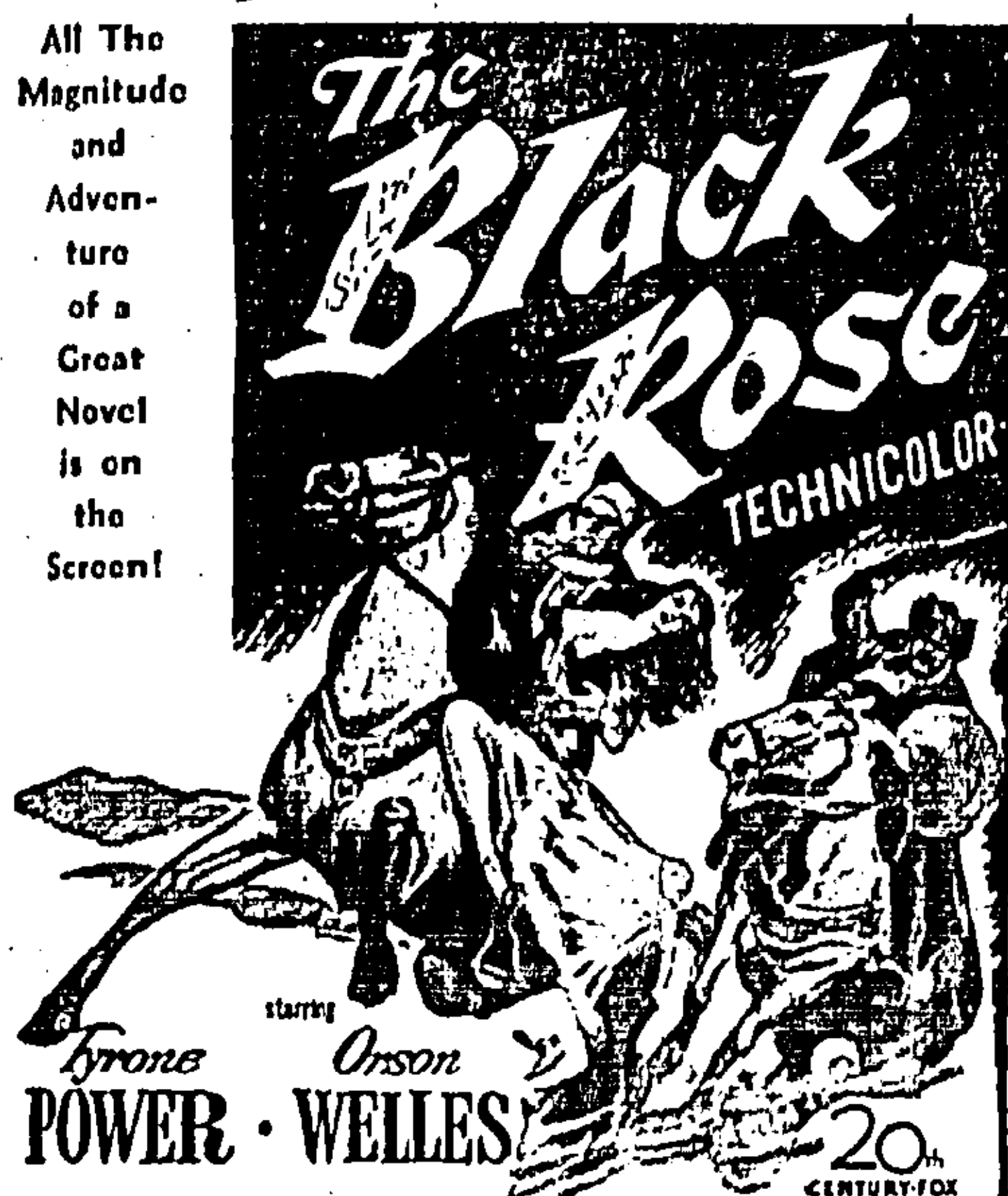
ROXY BROADWAY

Movies Are **BETTER** Than Ever
THE Houses of BEST Pictures

★ SHOWING TO-DAY ★

OWING TO LENGTH OF PICTURE PLEASE NOTE
CHANCE OF TIMES:

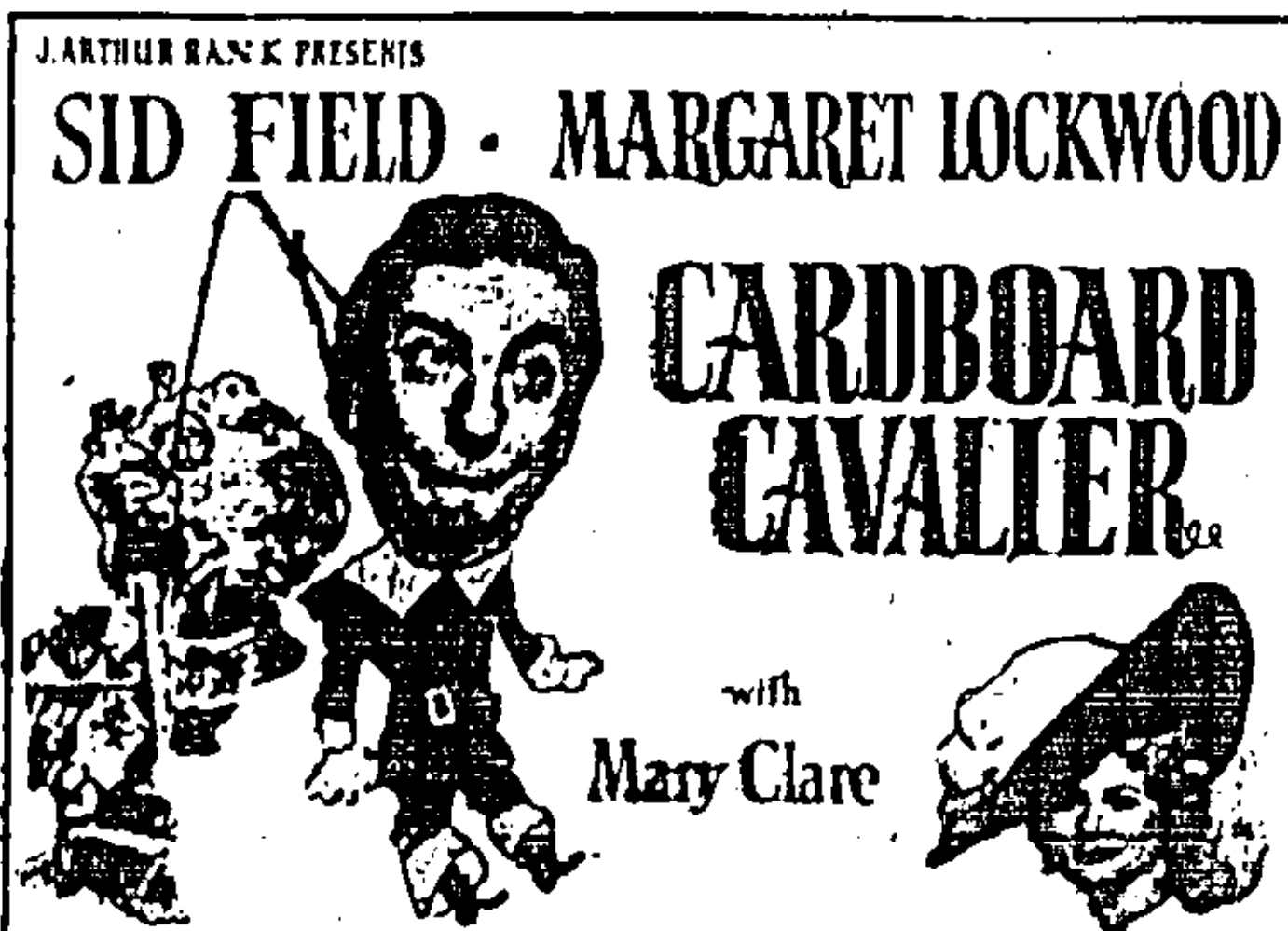
AT 2.30, 5.00, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

All The
Magnitude
and
Adven-
ture
of a
Great
Novel
is on
the
Screen!

ROXY SPECIALLY ADDED:—Latest 20th Century-Fox
Movietone News. 1. Korean War Scenes—British
Troops Arrive at Pusan (Filmed by U.S. Department
of Defence and Newsreels Cameramen). 2. 1950
Miss America Pageant with 54 Lovely Hopefuls. 3.
Skating Show of 1951—Ice Capades Spectacle.

NO INCREASE IN PRICES!
BE SURE TO BOOK AT ONCE!
NO COMPLIMENTARY TICKETS AVAILABLE!

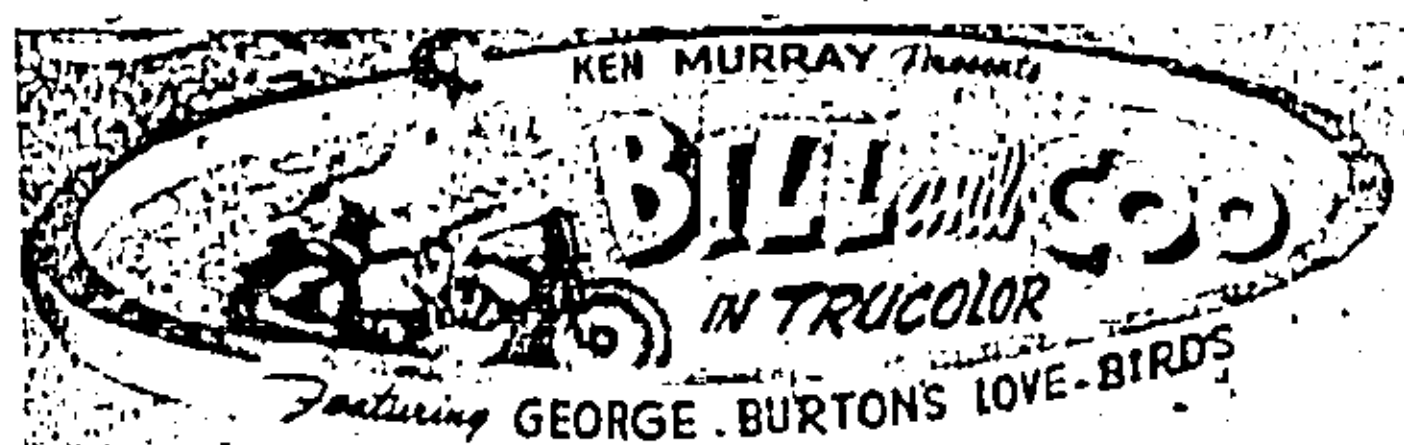
TO-DAY ONLY **QUEENS** At 2.30, 5.15,
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OPENS TOMORROW! M-G-M's Technicolor Spectacle!
"THE OUTRIDERS" with Joel McCrea — Arlene Dahl

SHOWING TO-DAY **Cathay** At 2.30, 5.30,
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YOU'VE NEVER SEEN ANY THING LIKE IT
A 273 LOVE BIRDS SHOW!

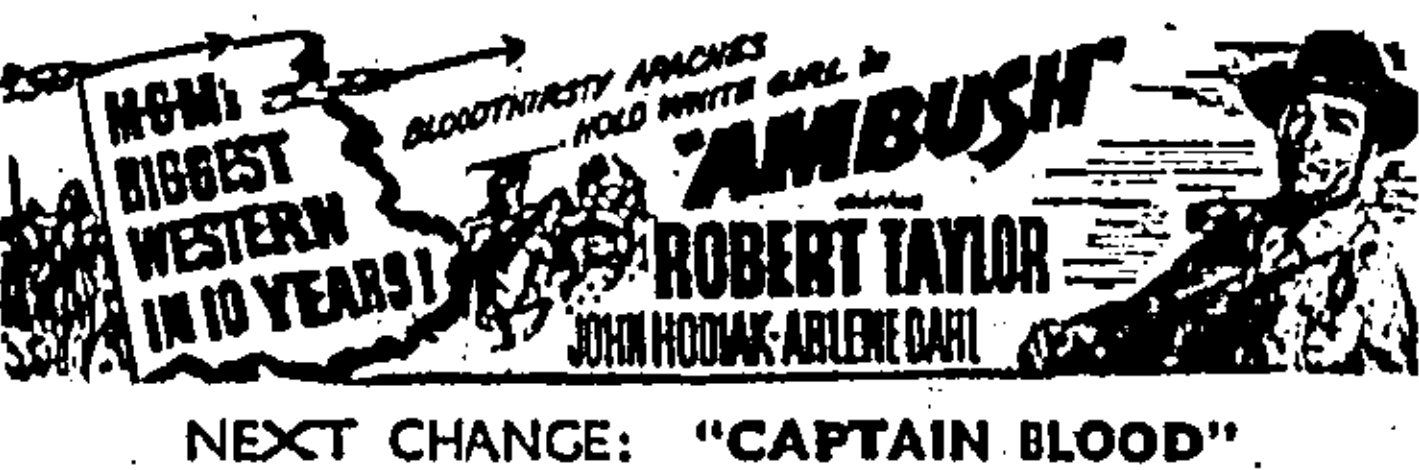


ALSO: A Superb Outdoor Action Melodrama!
"BELLS OF SAN ANGELO" In True Color

ORIENTAL AIR CONDITIONED

Take Any Eastern Tram Car or Happy Valley Bus

SHOWING TO-DAY: 2.30—5.30—7.30 & 9.30 P.M.
FILMED FROM THE BEST AND THE MOST EXCITING
STORY OF THE WEST! It Comes Flaming to the Screen!



NEXT CHANGE: "CAPTAIN BLOOD"

Here too
the Reds slow
down but—(A BIG)by
SEFTON DELMER

NEWSMAP now leaves
behind it the brightening
prospect in Korea to see the
effect on India of the new
pressures in Asia. First of two
important despatches...

NEW DELHI.
I WAS really taking a
little holiday from
politics and reporting
when I met him. There he
stood, a dignified, frock-
coated little wisp of a man.
He was offering — "If it
please your noble good self"
— to guide me around the
marble courts of The Fort.

But I am not certain that
Gyan Chaudhary—that was his
name—did not give me a surer
clue than all the experts to the
question: "What is the new
India's attitude to Communism?"

Gyan Chaudhary beat all the
Cabinet Ministers, intelligence
chiefs, political leaders I have
consulted. For, as he steered
me around this Mogul Versailles,
he told me as much about him-
self and his problems as about
the Peacock Throne and alabaster
swimming pools of concu-
bines.

'We fled'—

HE had been a stationmaster
on the Indian Railways.
When he retired he compounded
his pension for a lump sum.
With this he bought a flour mill
in a West Punjab village. The
mill gave him a comfortable
living, and he could look for-
ward to ending his days in
peace there.

Came the departure of the
British from India, and with it
partition, dividing what until
then had been a united and
peaceful country into the
ravenously hostile factions of
India and Pakistan.

"We Hindus," said Gyan
Chaudhary, "for their part,
have attempted to correct
things by making a change in
leadership. They have dismissed
their old time boss Bengali
B.T. Ranadive from his post
as secretary-general."

Now he was living in one of
those squalid refugee camps
which I had passed through on
the edge of the town. He was
fortunate, he said, as he had
found this job, which gave him
a bare and irregular livelihood.
Now, in every other country I
know of, of the kind under
which Chaudhary suffers
would make its victim a fertile
ground for incrimination with
either Fascism or Communism.

Not the ex-millowner. His
hatred and venom were directed
almost exclusively against the
Pakistan Moslems.

With a wealth of proverb and
metaphor, laced with re-

miniscent anecdotes, he invited
me to confirm his opinion of
their iniquity as we strolled
among Indian holiday crowds in
the gardens. And, from all I
have seen and heard here, I be-
lieve Gyan Chaudhary is typical
in this of all the 15,000,000 re-
fugees now spread over India
and even of 500,000 who are
still living jobless in the squalor
camps.

The Communists are doing
their skillful best to arouse them
with clandestine literature and
word of mouth propaganda.

But for the time being they
are drawing blank. Authorita-
tive observers with whom I have
discussed it — British, Indian,
American, and Dutch — insist
that, if anything, the Commu-
nists have been losing ground
rather than gaining it during
the last 12 months.

The Soviet Embassy here in
New Delhi and the Indian Com-
munist Party leadership seem to
share this view. Russian diplo-
mats have recently become great
travellers and students of Indian
folklore. Oddly enough, their
trips to outlying districts of
India have a way of being made
at times when there is a crisis
in the Communist organisation
in that particular district.

Indian Communists, for their
part, have attempted to correct
things by making a change in
leadership. They have dismissed
their old time boss Bengali
B.T. Ranadive from his post
as secretary-general.

Arms Seized

IN his place they have appoint-
ed the man who organised
the Indian party's sole really
successful coup in Hyderabad's
rural Telangan area.

Here, the Communists
successfully exploited the Indian
Government's difficulties with
the autonomy-bent Nizam of
Hyderabad.

As the Nizam's troops fled
before the invading Indian
Army, peasant guerrillas seized
the arms of the fleeing soldiers
and took control of Telangan, a
desolate agricultural and jungle
area roughly the size of Wales.

For two
years they
ruled the
country
with a
character-
istic combi-
nation of
dema-
gogue agitation
and terror, and
2,500 people
were killed in that time.

The expedition, however, this
year by the Indian Army and
police force has put an end to
the Communist regime in all but
the most outlying jungle districts
here.

Other fronts...

FOUR other main Communist
fronts all show the Com-
munist decline — in industrial
CALCUTTA, where an attempt
to organise a strike failed, in
MADRAS and TRIVANCORE,
where rural terrorist strongholds
have likewise been wiped out, in
BOMBAY, where Socialists have
successfully prevented Commu-
nists from taking over their
now month-old strike in the
textile mills.

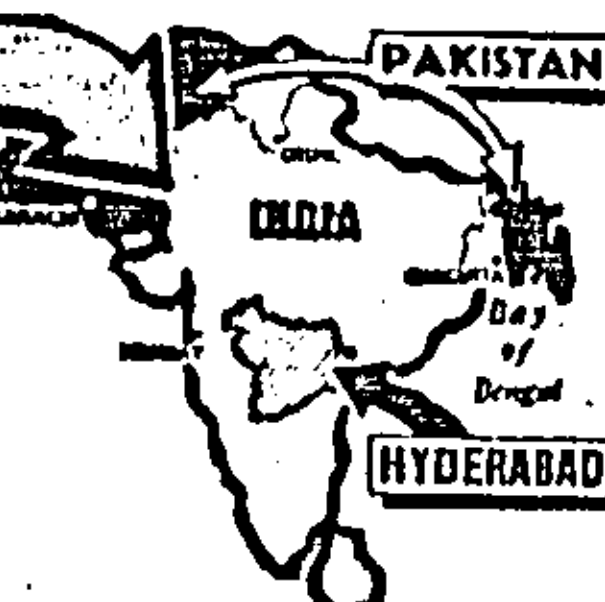
There are a number of differ-
ent reasons why Communists in
India are not yet having the
success their comrades have
had in such neighbouring coun-
tries as China, Indo-China,
Burma, and Malaya.

The principal factors are:—
1 As with my friend Gyan
Chaudhary, the emolions of the
Indian masses are today concen-
trated primarily on the religious
and communal feud with the
Moslems, which partition, and
the troubles arising out of it,
have pushed into the forefront.

Every time I talked about
Communists with Indians, I
found the conversation turning
sooner or later to the "outrage"
of Kashmir and the "treacherous
betrayal" of India by Britain,
the United States, and UNO in
favour of the "dastardly aggres-
sion" of Pakistan.

Communists are unable to
come in on this because their
avowed materialism bars the
way to their taking sides in a
dispute fundamentally religious.

2 Although the British Intelli-
gence Service burned all its
files and dossiers before handing
over to the Indians in 1947, the
Indian Secret Service, headed
by a British-trained chief, has
succeeded in penetrating the
Communist Party so completely
that it has tabs on all its more
important activities.



3 When Russia was attacked
by the Germans in 1941
they called on all Indians to
support the war effort. Thereby
they lost the sympathy of Indian
Nationalists.

Indian Nationalists now refuse
to take the Communists serious-
ly as an Indian party.

4 The policy of bomb-throw-
ing and mob violence that
the Communists practised in
Calcutta and other cities during
1947 and 1948 has boomeranged
against them with the public.
They have been forced to aban-
don it.

5 The mobilisation of the pen-
sioners against the middle-
class Congress is unpromising at
present because:—

(a) India's peasants, like
agriculturalists the world over,
greatly bettered their standard
of living during the period
1939-47.

(b) The land distribution
policy of Congress is beating the
Communists at their own game
of offering the have-nots the
property of the haves.

(c) The Indian peasants, while
better off than they were, have
not been ruined by an ambition
to form a revolutionary pressure
group. So far there are not
even any signs that they will use
next year's first universal suff-
rage elections to clamour for
more.

But the revolutionary point
may soon be reached. When it
comes, it will give the Commu-
nists their first big chance.

6 Most important of all is that
Congress, influenced by the
conservative Home Secretary
Sardar Patel, is determined not
to permit any Communist ille-
galities in India.

Their terrorist activities have
caused the Communists to be
declared an illegal organisation
in all but two of the States be-
longing to the Indian Republic.
Thousands of their best agents,
and agents are in prison.

The menace

AND yet I believe the new
A India stands a good chance
of becoming an outpost of
Sovietism in Asia as dangerous
to the Western way of life as
the expansionism of Communist
China.

It is one of the ironies of his-
tory that the man behind this
dangerous trend is one of India's
most Western minds.

But more about that later...
(London Express Service)

Sitting On
The Fence

By . . . Nathaniel Gubbins

HERE again are Mrs
Er-rm-er and Mrs
Urm-er-r, who can
never remember people's
names, at the Ladies' Inner
Wheel Rotary lunch.

Oh, there you are, Mrs
Er-rm-er. Welcome to
the Inner Wheel.

Thank you, Mrs Urm-er-r.
I'm sure it's pleasure to meet so
many old friends, particularly
you and Mrs Urm-er-r.

Oh, you mean Mrs Urm-
er-r-um. We're all glad
to see her here looking so
well after her operation.
Most of her inside was taken
away by Dr Rerm-er-r, or
should it be Mr Rerm-er-
r, as he's a surgeon?

I don't know. But I think
it's very lucky to come to a
lunch at all without an inside.
Is that Mrs Erm-er . . . Erm-er
with the mauve tinted hair?

No. That's Mrs Er-rm-er-r.
Mrs Er-rm-er . . . you know
the one I mean . . . she said
her hair went white after flu,
but it was white long before
that, when she had it done in
light little curls like Harpo
Marx.

Like Mrs Oom-er something
Er-rm-er-r with a double bar-
relled name, who's almost a
grandmother?

No. That's Mrs Rer-er-r-er.
She became a grand-
mother yesterday and had a bad
time, I'm told. But it serves
her right because she was just
having an affair with that
young Mr Er . . . Mr Er-rm-
er something. And now he can
call her granny. Oh do let me
introduce you to Mrs Rer-er-r-er.
This is Mrs Urm-er-r.

How do you do, Mrs Rer-er-r-er?
But you won't have time to
talk because we're sitting down
now. I'm next to Mrs Oom-er-
er and you're between Mrs
Urm-er-r and Mrs Er-rm-er.

Thank you, Mrs Urm-er-r-r.
A pleasure, Mrs Er-rm-er-r.

Forward
glance

A REPORT from Korea tells
how G.I.s held their fire
because troops, dressed in
American uniform, advanced to-
wards them in groups, talking
and laughing and not attempt-
ing to take advantage of avail-
able cover.

They turned out to be North
Koreans who walked through
the American lines and mounted
machine-guns in the rear.

Long, long ago, when some of
you were worrying Mum and
Dad with imbecile questions and
not wiping your noses, war was
considered honourable.

The Germans knocked the
honour out of war in April 1915
when they first used chlorine
gas. Since then war has be-
come more and more dishonour-
able.

What's going to happen if
there's another war? I'll tell
you.

Now the old-fashioned idea
of wearing the uniform of your
own side has been broken down
there will be indescribable con-
fusion among the armies.

Russian troops opposing (say)
a Belgian division will be dress-
ed in Belgian uniform, and will
walk laughingly through the
Belgian lines offering cigarettes.
These opposite the French
will be in French uniform; and
so on.

If Luxemburg contributes a
couple of platoons to the mili-
tary pool the Russians will be
clever enough to copy the
Luxemburg uniform and pro-
duce half a company of men
looking like commissaires
outside a picture theatre.

When the Russians, appear-
ing to be our side in full re-
cent, are half-way across
France without a shot being
fired (except from the rear) we
shall then adopt the idea our-
selves, and dress all our troops
in Russian uniform.

They will then be faced with
the problem of either marching
through Russia unopposed, or
chasing the disgraced Russian
Army right across France into
England — and, maybe, to
America.

By then the confusion will be
so laughable that it may all
end up in hugs and kisses,
though, if this went too far, it
might start a private war be-
tween the British and Ameri-
cans.

'Mind my bike'

"My young man is motor
cycle mad," writes a girl to a
woman's magazine. "When he
takes me out he talks of
nothing but motor cycles. . .
If, in a romantic moment, I
ask him what he's thinking
about, he says 'Bikes.'"

YOU ain't still thinkin about
bikes, are you George?

Who said I was?

What are you thinkin about,
then? Another girl?

Maybe.

You didn't ought to when
you're out with me.

Why not?

Well, it don't seem nice, do it?

What's she like?

She's all right.

Like me?

No.

What colour hair?

She ain't got no hair.

No hair? Cord. What sort
of eyes?

She's only got one eye.

Cripes. Left or right?

Centre.

Centre? Did you say centre?

That's right.

What colour?

Yellow.

One yellow eye in the centre
of her face?

I didn't say nothing about a
face.

★ ★ ★

Don't tell me she hasn't got a
face neither. What sort of
figure?

Streamlined.

Oh, I see now. You always
was a one for figures.

She's fast, too.

Fast with no hair and one
eye?

Sixty-five up-hill. Ninety on
the flat. Fifty to the gallon.

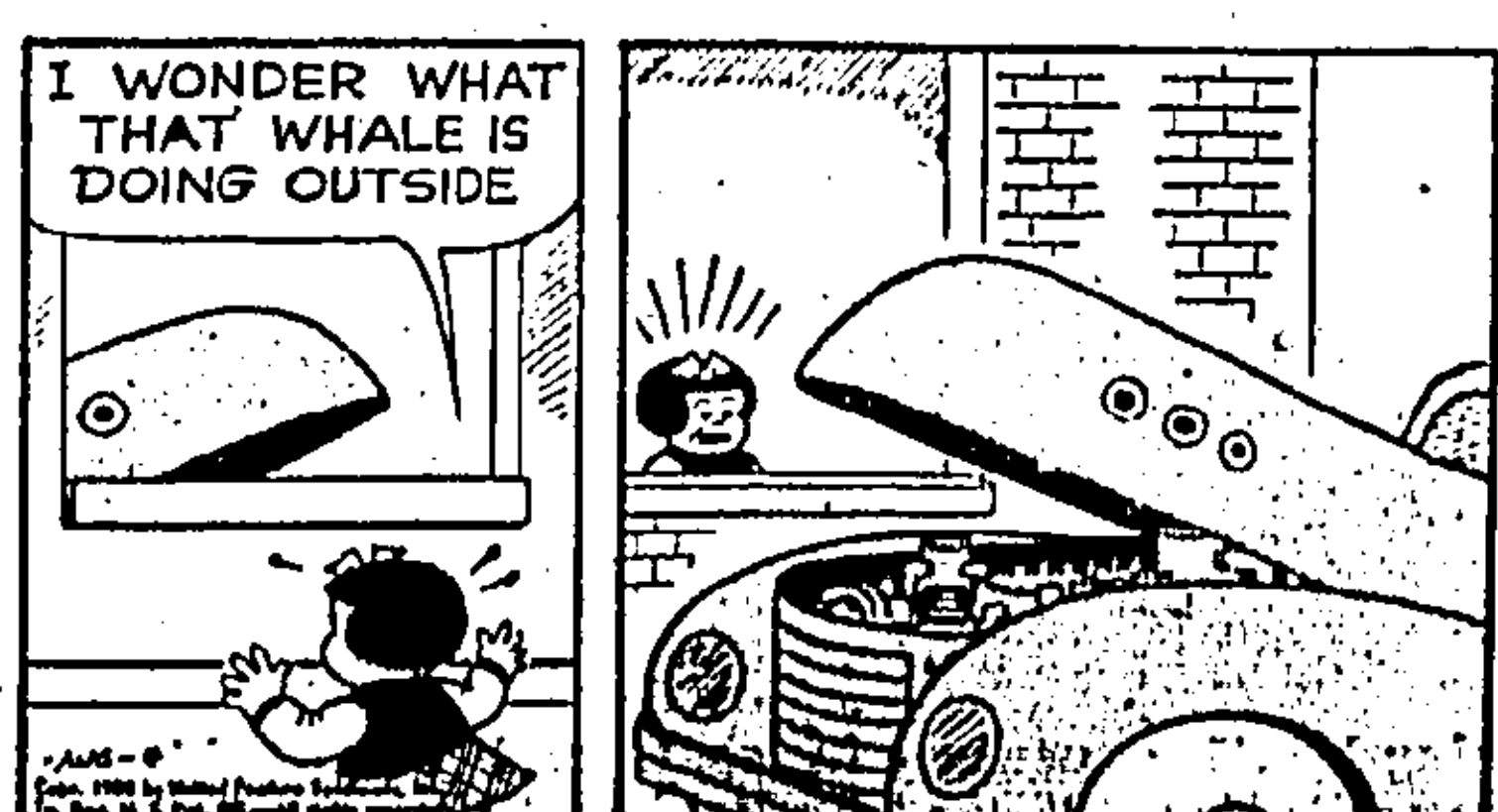
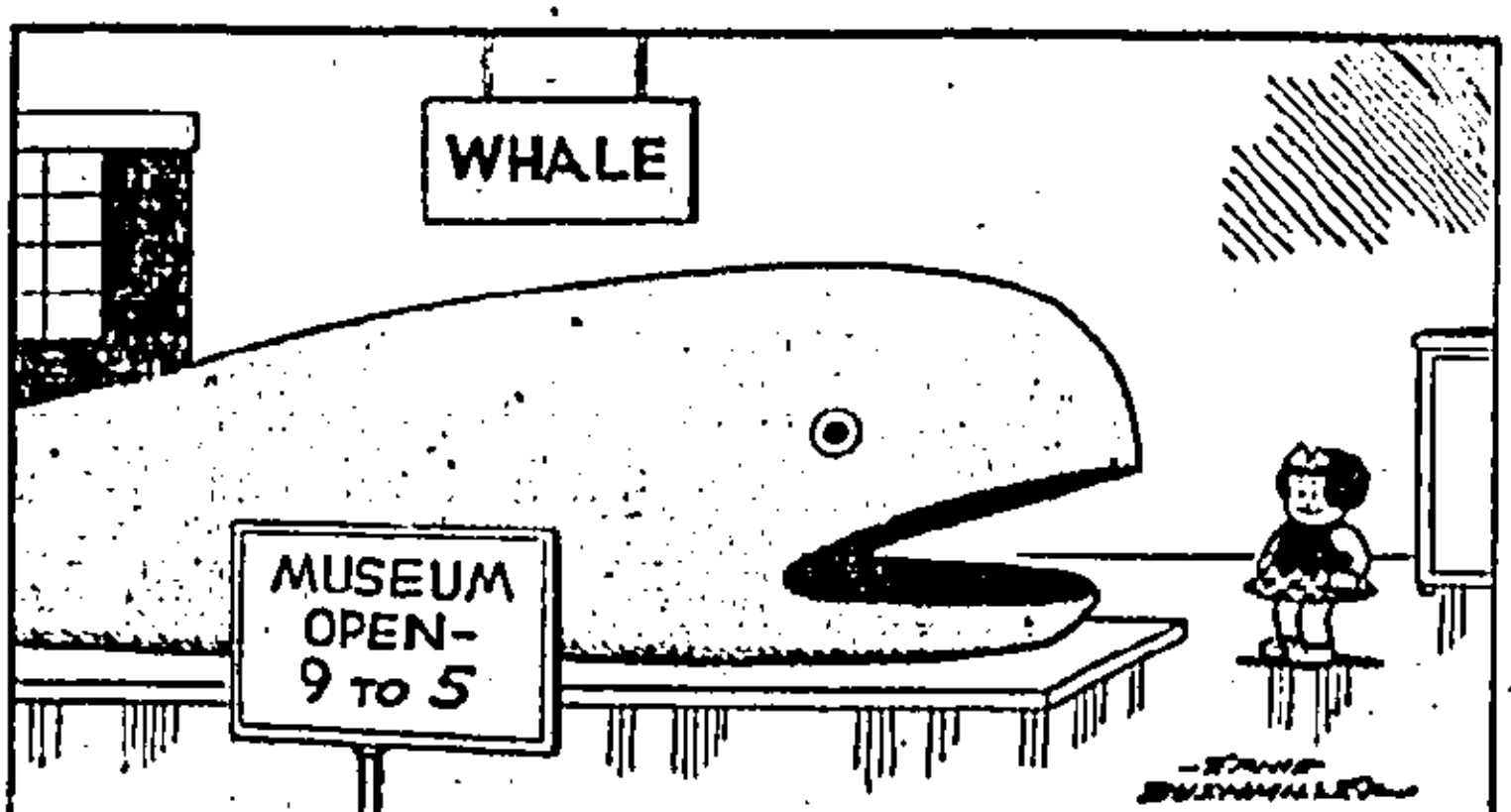
Why, she's that old motor-
bike after all, George. But
you'd rather have me, wouldn't
you?

No, I wouldn't. I could get
my bike tomorrow on the never-
never. So much down, so much
a month. Guaranteed by the
makers. Spare parts at all
garages. When I'm tired of her
I can trade her in for the latest
model.

—(London Express Service)

NANCY

Tanking Up



By Ernie Bushmiller



Commonwealth Nations Discuss Aid To Southeast Asia

London, Sept. 26.

The Ministers of seven Commonwealth countries taking part in the meetings of the Commonwealth Consultative Committee today considered a draft report on aid programmes totalling £1,725 million for the development of South and South-East Asia.

They are likely to end by Friday the examination of the draft report, which was prepared by technical and financial experts during the past two weeks.

The report co-ordinates the six-year development programme submitted before September 1 by India, Pakistan, Ceylon, Malaya, Sarawak and British Borneo.

On Monday, October 2, the Ministers will be joined by representatives of the non-Commonwealth countries—Burma, Siam and the three associated states of Indo-China.

Burma will be attending as an observer only. Indonesia has been invited by the Commonwealth to attend the conference, but her reply is still awaited.

Some of the Commonwealth countries have not yet submitted their six-year economic aid programmes.

The Commonwealth Ministers did not hold a morning session today, but Mr Percy Spender, the Australian Minister for External Affairs, Mr Patrick Gordon-Walker, the British Commonwealth Relations Minister, and Mr Hugh Gaultzell, the British Minister for Economic Affairs, and chairman of the conference, held private talks.

The Ministers this morning attended a memorial service at Westminster Abbey for the late General Jan Smuts.

The Finance Ministers of India and Ceylon, Sir Chittaranjan Dasgupta and Mr Jayawardene respectively, and Mr Spender were holding receptions for the delegates to the conference.

The Ministers were later dining as guests of Mr Gaultzell.

RECEIVING COMPLEX

Discussions of the Commonwealth conference here are "proceeding satisfactorily," Mr Percy Spender, Australia's Minister for External Affairs, said before attending this afternoon's session.

"All the Commonwealth nations represented, and the administrations of Singapore, Sarawak, Borneo and Brunei who are also participating in the discussions, are settling down splendidly to their task," he added.

"The problem confronting us is exceedingly complex. So far, of course, we are just in the preliminary stages."

"In my judgment, this meeting is of tremendous consequence. The result of these far-reaching effects upon the

relations between the Western democracies and Asia. We must show to the people of Asia by our actions that we of the Western democratic world understand their problems and are anxious to help them."—Reuter.

W. Germany Criticised By Trade Unions

Duesseldorf, Sept. 26.

The West German trade unions accused Dr Konrad Adenauer's West German Government at a rally here today of making the rich richer and the poor poorer.

Dr Victor Agartz, economic specialist of the West German Trade Unions Federation, levelled these charges principally against the Government's policy of raising the price of coal.

Dr Agartz said that the rising prices produced by the world armaments race and the Government's refusal to restore the food subsidies had cut real wages, which was doubly serious as 12,000,000 Germans were living on the exiguous minimum of 220 marks monthly.

The Government's policy allowed 5,000,000,000 marks annually to slip through tax collectors' fingers in the concentration of greater wealth in the hands of a very few men.

Dr Agartz said that for five years the unions had deliberately conducted a policy of wage restraint in order to put Germany's war-ravaged economy back on its feet.

They were not going to be told by the Government that they were hindering recovery by threatening strikes and making wage demands when trade and industry had exploited the market for two years without the slightest inhibition.—Reuter.

Great Progress Towards Solving Colour Problem

Flushing Meadow, Sept. 26.

Dr Ralph Bunche, winner of the 1949 Nobel Prize for peace and a descendant of an American Negro slave, said here that great progress was being made in the solution of the colour problem in the world today.

In a radio interview with the United Nations Correspondents' Association last night, Dr Bunche was asked if he thought there was any justification for Communist propaganda about "White Imperialism" in Asia.

Dr Bunche, now Director of the United Nations Trusteeship Department and former mediator in Palestine, said, "The colour question is still a problem but great progress is being made towards its solution. There is no doubt that the relations of Eastern and Western peoples have not always been good."

"Colour and Imperialism have often been inter-mixed but the problem is working itself out."

"Many peoples of the East in recent years gained independence, such as India, Indonesia and the Philippines. They have won a new dignity."

"In the United States and British territories there has been a considerable advance towards enlightenment in relations between white and non-white peoples."

"There is a growing realization that many critical problems of the world have arisen out of the inability of white societies to approach the non-white peoples with full understanding."

"A great advance has been made in this regard. The United Nations has been an important factor in this, with its basic principle which emphasises the equality of all peoples, regardless of race."

On the future of Korea, Dr Bunche said that country was

Radio Hongkong

H.K.T. "Hongkong Calling". Programme Summary: 6.02, "John Bull's Day"; 6.15, "British Hill Yesterday and To-day" (BBC); 6.30, "From Strauss to Struss"; 6.45, "New Symphony Orchestra"; 6.50, "Jazz Variations"; 7.00, "The Studio"; 7.15, "Lucky Dip"; 7.30, "Variety Requests"; 7.45, "Presented by Pauline Spencer"; 8.00, "World News and News Analysis" (London Relay); 8.15, "Orchestra of the Week"; 8.30, "Symphony Orchestra"; 8.45, "Serial Story: 'Shadow of the Ming' (Part II). Written and Read by Johnathan Sly (Studio); 9.00, "From the Editor's" (London Relay); 9.15, "Weather Report"; 9.30, "The Regiment" (Relay from the N.A.A.F.I. Club, Chatham Road); 9.40, "Music from British Films"; 10.00, "Cabaret"; 10.30, "Ray's a Lush" (London Relay); 11.00, "Radio News" (London Relay); 11.15, "Weather Report"; 11.30, "Goodnight Music"; 11.45, "God Save the King"; 11.50, "Close Down."

Funeral Of General Jan Smuts



U.S. ANALYSING SOVIET PEACE PROTESTATIONS

Washington, Sept. 26.

The State Department scanned the latest peace protestations by the Soviet UN delegate, Mr Jacob Malik, today for a hint of possible Russian peace feelers on the Korea war.

The Department knocked down as "old hat" the newest peace words voiced by Mr Malik in New York during an exchange of questions and answers with the "Maryland Committee for Peace." But the fact that Mr Malik had spoken out at all suggested to officials that the Russians have something on their minds.

Experts here expected the Soviet spokesman to open a new offensive to coincide with the rapid advances of the United Nations forces in Korea. There had been speculation that the Russians would seek to wriggle out of the war in the role of a peacemaker.

Mr Malik's statement, it was said, might make Moscow's interest in advancing something from the Communist defeat in Korea.

The State Department does not believe the Russians will come forward quickly with any peace plan for Korea but will seek to feel out plans of the Western powers and their United Nations allies.

The basic strategy of Russia's attitude toward the Korean war was expected to be unfolded by the Soviet Foreign Minister, Mr Andrei Vyshinsky, at the current United Nations General Assembly meeting. The tone of his statements so far was regarded by officials as subdued.

WISHFUL THINKING?

Europe was buzzing with reports that the Russians are ready to make peace in Korea. This may have reflected the wishful thinking of a war-weary lot of people, but newspaper editors and their readers are putting two and three together in the pattern which produced some of the strange strategy of the Soviets in the past.

The rumours started from Lake Success and New York where smiles—and a lack of scowls—by Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Vyshinsky and Soviet Delegate Jacob Malik became more significant to correspondents of European and some United States newspapers than what that pair said.

What the Russians said on formal forums seldom changed. By today's reports the Russians, ready to sue for a "deal" on Korea, had moved into editorial columns for serious comment.

"TRIAL BALLOONS"

On Tuesday morning, for example, the Paris newspapers Combat, L'Apostrophe, Aurore and Figaro, ranging from the Left to the Right politically, carried editorials on reported "trial balloons" floated by the Russians. Other newspapers in London and on the Continent, many students of politics and thousands of plain people had discussed the possibility of a Korean peace paralyzing the settlement of the Berlin blockade in 1948.

The impetus for the arrangement ending the Berlin blockade came from private talks between Dr Philip Jessup, of the United States, and Mr Malik.

These were the factors which made many Europeans believe today that a Korean settlement was in the offing.

Firstly, reports that Messrs. Vyshinsky and Malik had shown an uncommon amount of joviality and friendliness in their dealings with newsmen and Western delegates, especially in caves at the United Nations headquarters where conversation is sometimes a better indication of the political weather than speeches made at sessions of United Nations organs.

Secondly, Mr Malik's statement to the Maryland "Peace" Committee that he favours a "top level" meeting on cold war

Fifteen hundred troops lined the route during the funeral in Pretoria of Field Marshal Smuts. Representatives from all walks of South African life, from the Commonwealth and many other nations attended. Full military honours were accorded. The body was taken to Pretoria Station. From the station the body was taken to Johannesburg for cremation—forty miles away.

Headed by the Pipe Band the above picture shows the funeral procession in Johannesburg. (London Express Service)

VIENNESE CLASH WITH POLICE

Vienna, Sept. 26.

Columns of workers marching on the Federal Chancellery today clashed with the police who hurriedly threw cordons around central Vienna. Eight Austrian policemen and two demonstrators were hurt.

The workers were protesting against proposed new wages and prices which they said would increase the cost of living.

Lorries from Russian-controlled factories brought in workers carrying red flags and banners proclaiming: "We want no hunger wages" and "Away with the starvation pact."

Reports from the Chancellery area of the city, which is in the international zone of Vienna, said that the demonstrators were melting quietly away this afternoon.

But the protest movement was reported to have spread throughout the country.

At lunch time today the Austrian Cabinet announced a new wage and price agreement providing for a basic increase of 10 percent on wages and salaries. Further details were not available.

The demonstrations were organised specifically against an agreement on wages and prices between Government officials and the Socialist-led Austrian Trade Union Federation.—Reuter.

SIDE GLANCES By Galbraith



"I remember when he used to make that kind of fuss over me—won't Daddy ever grow up, mom?"

SECURITY COUNCIL TO DISCUSS KOREA'S FUTURE To Cross Or Not To Cross 38th Parallel

Flushing Meadow, Sept. 26.

The Soviet Union announced in the Security Council today that it would submit proposals concerning Korea.

The Korean question was not on the agenda for today's meeting of the Council, but Mr Jacob Malik, the Soviet delegate, announced before listening to the French translation of a speech he made at the last meeting, that he would make certain proposals on the Korean question.

The provisional agenda as submitted by the Council's President contained the following items:

- 1.—Complaint of armed invasion of Taiwan;
- 2.—Complaint by Egypt against alleged Israeli expulsion of Palestinian Arabs;
- 3.—The Kashmir question.

The Soviet bloc failed to persuade the United Nations General Assembly to exclude three important items from its agenda.

The items were Nationalist China's complaint of aggression against the Soviet Union; the question of human rights in the Balkans and threats to the political independence and integrity of Greece.

The Assembly overwhelmingly accepted the items which had been recommended by its Steering Committee for full debate.—Reuter.

FUTURE OF KOREA

Flushing Meadow, Sept. 26. With United Nations troops close to the 38th Parallel, the United States hopes to get the General Assembly into action by Friday on the future of Korea, including a decision whether to cross the North-South demarcation line, informed sources said today.

An American source denied that the American delegation was seeking consultations with other countries at this time, but he indicated that a move to have the Assembly's powerful Political Committee start its consideration of Korea not later than Friday was under way.

There were reports from other sources that a resolution on the future of Korea already was being circulated among delegations, but none would admit having seen the document.

These reports said the Western Powers hoped that India, as the closest approach to a neutral power in the Far Eastern crisis, would introduce the resolution.

American sources said there had been no approach to the United States delegation by Russia on the subject of Korea. Although they insisted no consultations were under way, they added that they would be unable to answer questions on Korea fully for the next two or three days.

URGENT

With Seoul captured and the North and South elements of the United Nations forces moving toward a link-up that would cut off the bulk of the Red Korean forces from their bases, the urgency of a UN decision on whether to cross the 38th Parallel increased.

President Truman, the Secretary of State (Mr Dean Acheson) and other members of the United States Government have made it clear on several occasions that the decision whether to cross the demarcation line must be made by the United Nations. This was a bastion of American policy, together with such other publicly-declared tenets as the fact that the United Nations has no territorial designs on Korea, does not seek military bases in the country and insists on cease-fire at the earliest possible moment.

Once the decision on crossing the 38th Parallel is taken, the

PEKING AIR FORCE'S BOAST

Tokyo, Sept. 27.

"The young Chinese air force is not one to be insulted, and the moment we have our orders we are determined to teach any invading American plane a lesson," said a Chinese People's Air Force delegate to the national conference of combat heroes at present meeting in Peking, according to the Chinese Communist radio.

The broadcast said that other combat heroes were fuming with fury at learning of the attack by United States planes on Chinese territory across the Korean border.

The radio quoted Combat Hero Yang Hsi-hsi as saying: "We have the means and determination to defend, not only our country, but in conjunction with the Soviet Union and the other People's Democracies, also the peace of Asia and the world."—United Press.

Floods in French Morocco

Casablanca, Sept. 26.

At least 100 persons were drowned in floods which swept the Sefrou area, the French authorities announced today.

Torrential rains began beating down on the region about 20 miles southeast of Fez, yesterday.—United Press.



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Portugal And Spain Fraternising

Lisbon, Sept. 26.

According to usually reliable sources, the Spanish leader, General Francisco Franco, and the Portuguese Prime Minister, Dr Antonio Salazar, will arrive at Oporto tomorrow to meet the Portuguese Foreign Minister, Dr Paulo Cunha.

Dr Salazar has been staying with General Franco in Spain for the last few days. He travelled incognito and no official announcement of the visit was made.

A spokesman for the Portuguese Foreign Ministry today would neither confirm nor deny the reports. Official circles also refused to comment on Dr Salazar's trip to Spain, but it was believed to be connected with the forthcoming United Nations discussions on Spain and the question of her possible incorporation into the Atlantic Pact.

General Franco visited Portugal last October.—Reuter.

HOW THE BABE GETS HOT



Babe Didrikson Zaharias, Women's professional golf champion, puts her irons in the fire to take "the chill off my game." The Babe recently burned up Chicago's Tam O'Shanter course with her hot irons in posting a 293 to top her latest title, one of many for the lady athlete.

Why England Lost At Rio—Lack Of Marksmanship

Says ARCHIE QUICK

The reason for England's defeat in the World Cup series at Rio de Janeiro was explained at Stamford Bridge, London, when, substituting for the First Division champions versus Cup-holders, the Rio eleven met the Canadian touring side in the annual FA Charity Shield match. The Rio boys won 4-2 alright, but there for every one of the 38,000 crowd to see was the cause of our South American debacle—lack of marksmanship.

Finney, Mannion, Mortensen, Baily and Mullen weaved all manner of pretty patterns, but when it came to shooting at goalkeeper Hanson well they just passed on the responsibility to the next man. I have never seen such poor finishing although the game as a spectacle was brilliant.

In front of me a spectator shouted to Matthews, the Canadian outside right, "Stun you safe on the wrong side." How right he was. There should never be any question but that Matthews is in an England shirt until he retires, and his conservation of energy is such that that day seems a long way ahead.

However, bow-legged Bill Eckersley, the Blackburn left-back, played the maestro as well as anybody I have seen since the War, and in this form is preferable in the national eleven to Aston.

Another man who laid a claim for honours was Harry Johnston, the Blackpool right-half, who was the outstanding man of the match.

What a headache for the selectors. Can they drop skipper Billy Wright or move him to left-half and displace Dickinson? I know for my part I would have the Blackpool club right wing triangle of Matthews, Mortensen and Johnston operating in my international eleven.

ENGLAND ELEVEN

Or perhaps Mannion at inside-right and Mortensen at centre-forward. Baily would be my inside-left and Metcalfe of Huddersfield his wing partner. Williams and Ramsey are superlative, so my side against Ireland would read: Williams; Ramsey, Eckersley; Johnston; Taylor, Dickinson; Matthews, Metcalfe.

Taylor gets in because Hughes injured himself at Stamford Bridge and looks as though he will be out of the Liverpool side for a long while to come with ligament trouble. The Chairman of Selectors, Mr Arthur Drewry, was very

IRELAND'S SOCCER XI

London, Sept. 26. Ireland's soccer team to play England at Belfast on October 1 contains three new caps. They are Fallon, Cusack and Campbell.

The team is as follows: Kelly (Southampton); Fallon (Glasgow Celtic); McMichael (Newcastle United); Blanchflower (Barnsley); Vernon (West Bromwich Albion); captain; Cusack (Glasgow); Campbell (Fulham); Crossan (Blackburn Rovers); Brennan (Fulham); McKenna (Huddersfield). The reserve is: McKnight (Blackpool).

Cusack and Fallon are the only non-English League players in the side.—Reuter.

SOCCER RESULTS

London, Sept. 26. The following were the results of football matches today: THIRD DIVISION NORTHERN Accrington Stanley 2, York City 0. OTHER MATCH Aberdeen 3, Manchester United 5.—Reuter.

Big Fight Today

THE BROWN BOMBER SAYS IT WILL BE A KNOCKOUT ONE WAY OR THE OTHER

BY PETER WILSON

POMPTON LAKES, NEW JERSEY. "IT'S GOING TO BE A KNOCK-OUT—ONE WAY OR THE OTHER."

The big, cafe-au-lait coloured champion sat on a rabbling table while little men taped his hands and patted the huge sleek limbs, which look as though they belong on a statue and not on a living, breathing man.

Joe Louis was the speaker, and he was telling me how he thought his fight would go against Ezzard Charles at the Yankee Stadium on Wednesday, September 27.

Someone asked Louis what he would do if Charles ran from him. The champ—'it's impossible to think of Big Joe as anything but that—did not hesitate. "I don't think he'll do that," he said. "Charles is a stand-up fighter."

What makes him think I am betting on Charles?

BEER'S GOT IT

You get some idea of the difference between American and British boxing when you learn that the television rights for the Joe Louis-Ezzard Charles fight at the Yankee Stadium on September 27 have been sold to a beer firm for the equivalent of £71,428.

Otherwise the situation seems very much the same as in Britain, with lots of critics delivering more telling blows than some of the fighters.

Not long ago they had the film "Mighty Joe Young," and now they are saying that they should have had Louis starring in it and renamed it "Mighty Joe Old."

"BATTLE OF BULGE"

They used to refer to a world heavyweight title fight as the "Battle of the Century." But youngsters are referring to Joe's efforts to get himself into shape as the "Battle of the Bulge."

They have got some ammunition for their cracks, because when Big Joe started training at his old camp in Pompton Lakes, New Jersey, he tipped the beam—and nearly broke the scales—at 154.8 lb.

Moreover, his trainer, Marnie Semmon, doesn't expect that he will get much more than a pound or so off.

As they almost have to weigh Charles in diver's lead-soled boots to get him to register over 12st, weight is going to be a big factor in this brawl.

It could be of use to Louis in clinches, but if the fight goes over 12st, weight is going to be a big factor in this brawl.

Then, next June, the Brown Bomber would go in with Lee Savold in an effort finally to clear up the heavyweight mess.

Incidentally, Savold landed at New York the other day, and Jack Solomons is expected any day to see if he can arrange a Louis-Savold or Charles-Savold fight for the Festival of Britain next summer.

From where I sit, it would be easier to arrange the Festival of Britain.

(London Express Service)

LOUIS WARMS UP

Louis worked up heat by the end of the first three minutes, but the cash customers—mostly coloured, like all the sparring partners—who had paid more than 7s. to come in did not seem able to get equally warmed up.

After working with Willie Joe boxed two rounds against Baby Dutch Culbertson, whom I last saw as a GI in Naples and Rome.

Louis was at his best in these two rounds. He showed that incredible speed of hand which still has not deserted him, but when he cut loose with his right fist, 13st. 5lb. Culbertson never finished under the attack.

It was the same against Shamus O'Brien who, despite his name, is one of the blackest men I have ever seen.

In between each round, Louis would do some quaint hops into the air like a distinctly overweight Peter Pan, and all I can conscientiously say about Joe as a dancer is that he is strictly a poor man's Fred Astaire.

Work-outs never tell you more than a fighter decides to let you know, but Louis still needs to get his timing sharpened up, and there seems to be a certain amount of tension about the camp.

When I tried to walk down the corridor past Louis's room to go and cable this story, I was grabbed by a New Jersey state policeman with a pistol on his belt who seemed to think that I was out to nobble the favourite.

A REVENGE FIGHT

In charge of Ezzard's training is our old friend Ray Arcel, who handled Joe Baksi when Baksi splintered Bruce Woodcock's jaw.

This is by way of being a revenge fight for Arcel, because he has been conditioning fighters to beat Big Joe for an awful long time.

anywhere near the full long track of 15 rounds, he is going to get very tired lugging all that around.

While Louis is almost within a pich and putt of New York, Charles has gone to ground in a training camp at South Fallsburg, a three-hour drive from the city.

LOUIS WARMS UP

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SPORTING SAN

By Reg. Wootton



Jack Solomons Is Ready For The Biggest Promotional Battle Yet

SAYS GEORGE WHITING

Boxing's biggest promotional battle for years will break out the moment Joe Louis and Ezzard Charles have settled their so-called World Heavyweight Championship argument in New York on September 27.

On my left, in the Union Jack corner Jack Solomons. On my right battling for America, Jim Norris, boss of New York's International Boxing Club.

The pair are friends and business associates but, as from September 27, they become no-quarter rivals for one of the most glittering prizes of post-war boxing. Immediately Louis and Charles step out of the ring, the two promoters will be bidding against each other for the services of the winner in a fight with Lee Savold for the undisputed championship of the World next June.

Norris, whose organisation has so far had nothing but headaches over the heavy-weight situation, will use dollars, guarantees, percentages, television contracts—even a few slighting remarks about Britain's devalued currency—in an all-out effort to keep Savold in America next summer. His one me he has come to an agreement with Nat Rogers—one-time match-maker at Madison Square Garden—to watch his trans-Atlantic interest in capturing top-class American talent for British rings next summer.

(London Express Service)

THE OLD JAKE

But if Arcel is quietly confident, Charles's manager, Jake Mintz, is his old maniacal self. The other day, when he was carrying on like an angry Roman candle, someone suggested that he should sit down. "How can I?" yelled Jake. "I can't stand if I sit down."

Plans have already been tentatively made for Louis to defend the title, which he is expected to win back, in February. Suggested opponent is Rock Marciano—who is nothing more than a good novice—and that is assuming that he is good.

Then, next June, the Brown Bomber would go in with Lee Savold in an effort finally to clear up the heavyweight mess.

Incidentally, Savold landed at New York the other day, and Jack Solomons is expected any day to see if he can arrange a Louis-Savold or Charles-Savold fight for the Festival of Britain next summer.

From where I sit, it would be easier to arrange the Festival of Britain.

(London Express Service)

Betting 9-5 On Louis

New York, Sept. 26. As Joe Louis and Ezzard Charles relaxed in preparation for Wednesday night's heavyweight title fight the manoeuvres of professional betting men dropped the price favouring Louis from 11-5 to 9-5.

Since the two-point drop contrasted sharply with the public's increased confidence in Louis there is a possibility the price would lengthen before Joe and Ezzard climb into the ring at Yankee Stadium.

Harry Markzen, managing director of the International Club, predicted a crowd in excess of 30,000 and a gate of more than \$200,000.

Louis, returning to the ring to earn income tax money, will receive 35 percent of all the proceeds, and Charles 20 percent.

Markzen said unreasonably cold weather during the past four days slowed ticket sale somewhat. The weather bureau is uncertain about Wednesday night weather.

Night predicted victory "by a knockout or decision."—United Press.

Springbok Boxers In Debut At Albert Hall

London, Sept. 26. Two South African boxing champions had mixed fortunes when they made their debuts in a brisk boxing tournament at the Albert Hall tonight.

Pat Patrick, the Waterweight Champion, was beaten in the 10th and last round of his fight with Jackie Bradcock, of Manchester, the referee stopping the fight with Patrick helpless on the ropes.

The Middleweight title-holder, George Angelo, won for his compatriot's defeat by outpointing the American, Mel Brown, over 10 rounds. Patrick had been doing most of the forcing against Bradcock, but the fight took a startling turn in the ninth round when Bradcock staged a magnificent rally and pummeled the South African round the ring.—Reuter.

Rugby Union Team Lost £1,000 On Australian Tour

Sydney, Sept. 26. The recent tour of Australia by the British Isles Rugby Union team resulted in a loss of about £1,100.

This was announced today by Mr Laurie Stevens, the New South Wales Rugby Union Secretary.

The loss compares with a reported profit of about £30,000 made on the New Zealand tour. It is understood that the Rugby Union here will not agree to another tour by a British team unless the visit to Australia is made before that to New Zealand.—Reuter.

Table Tennis Tour Cancelled

Sydney, Sept. 26. India's table tennis visit to Australia has been cancelled because the extended tour of Malaya left insufficient time to make the trip.

This was announced today by the Sabah table tennis agency.—Reuter.

TENNIS LEAGUE FINAL TODAY

The undecided tie-match between South China Athletic Association & Chinese Recreation Club will be played off this afternoon, commencing at 5.15 p.m. sharp at the HKCC ground.

If the match is not played off on account of weather conditions, it will be played on Tuesday, October 3. Messrs Hancock, Sadler & Leonard will umpire the matches and there will be no charge for admission.

HKCC TRIAL MATCH

The Hongkong C.C. held an all-day trial match yesterday at Chater Road which was featured by good batting performances by Kilbee, Cull, Pritchard and Stokes while Thorpe returned the fine analysis of three wickets for four runs.

Teams were captained by L.D. Kilbee and L.F. Stokes, respectively, the former side emerging easy winners.

Scores were:

KILBEES XI

L.D. Kilbee, c. Oliver, b. Stokes 56

G.H.P. Pritchard, c. Mahon, b. Stokes 32

Borwick 23

R.S. Cull, c. Oliver, b. Mahon 43

R.B. Thorpe, retired 5

R. MacPherson, retired 28

A. Raynor, c. Oliver, b. Hall 10

J. O'Driscoll, c. Hill, b. Hall 6

H.H. Rankine, c. Oliver, b. Hall 0

White 4

G. Holdsworth, c. Nolan, b. Hall 0

Thorpe 1

N.F. Meffan, not out 1

Extras 3

Total (for 9 wickets, 400) 219

MAHON XI

N.A. Oliver, b. Cull 6

A. B. Whitlock, c. Holdsworth, b. Pritchard 2

F.A. Layton, c. b. w. Pritchard 1

L.F. Stokes, c. Raynor, b. Cull 31

L.F. Alexander, b. O'Driscoll 10

T.P. Mahon, c. Raynor, b. Thorpe 1

L. White, not out 0

D.J. Hill, c. MacPherson, b. Cull 0

J.C. Fitterton, b. w. Thorpe 0

Extras 5

Total 72

Pritchard 0 M H W

O'Driscoll 0 1 1

Raynor 0 1 1

Holdsworth 24 1 1

Thorpe 1 1 1

White 1 1 1

Meffan 1 1 1

Extras 3 1 1

Total 72

Fine Trial Run By Richards' Mount For Cesarewitch

Newmarket, Sept. 26. French Squadron, Gordon Richards' mount in the Cesarewitch Stakes here on November 11, ran a splendid trial for that race in the two-mile Melbourne Stakes today.

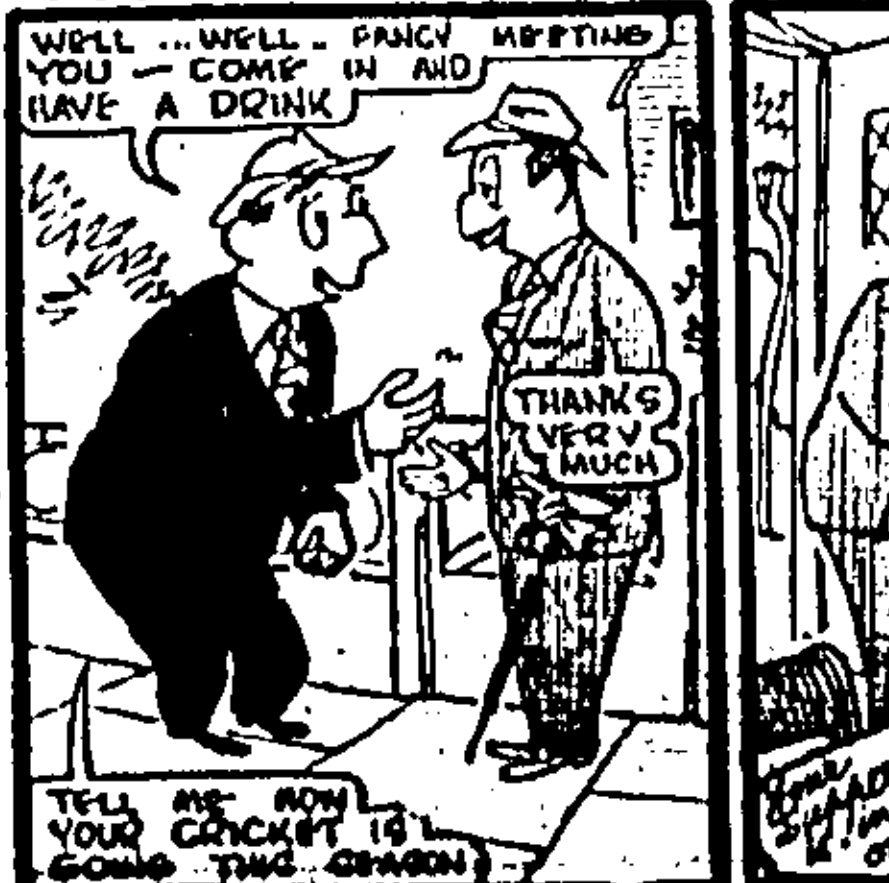
In holding the going, Richards' French Squadron, a 5-2 favourite, to such purpose that he only failed by a short head to overcome another Cesarewitch horse, Royal Oak.

Come To Good, also engaged in the Cesarewitch, was only a neck away, third in a field of eight runners in the driving finish.

The new double camera and mirror photo-finish was used by the judge before determining his verdict.

French Squadron was quoted at 20 to 1 at last night's call-over on the Cesarewitch, in which he meets Royal Oak and Come To Good on much better terms than he did today.—Reuter.

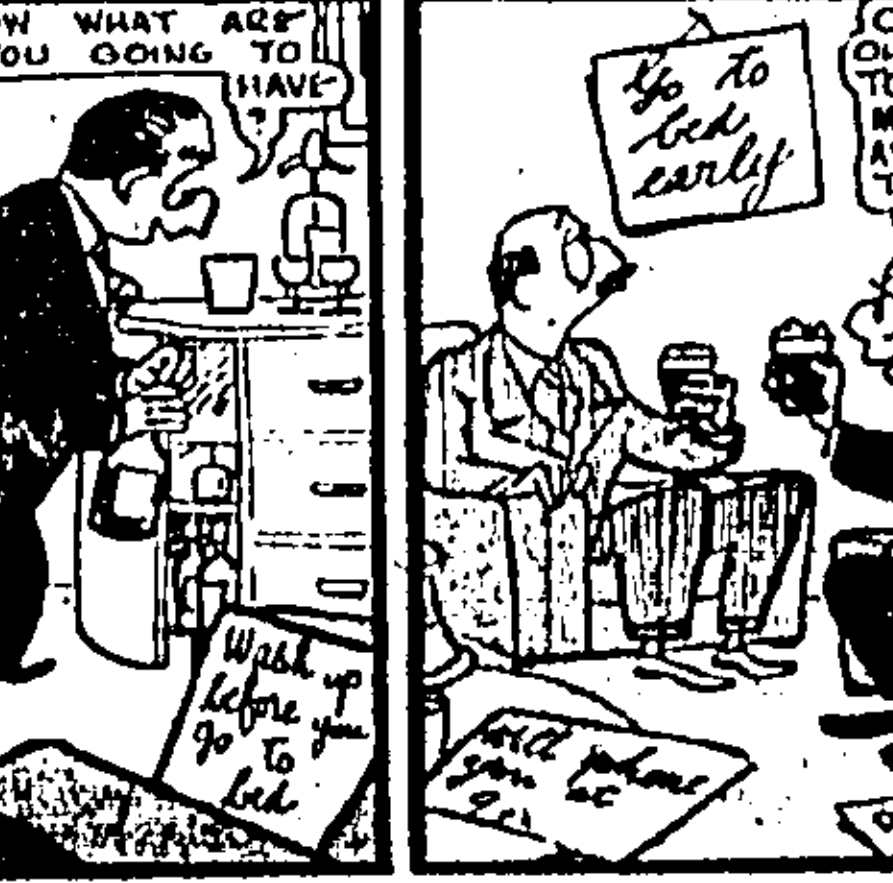
THE GAMBOLS



THE GAMBOLS



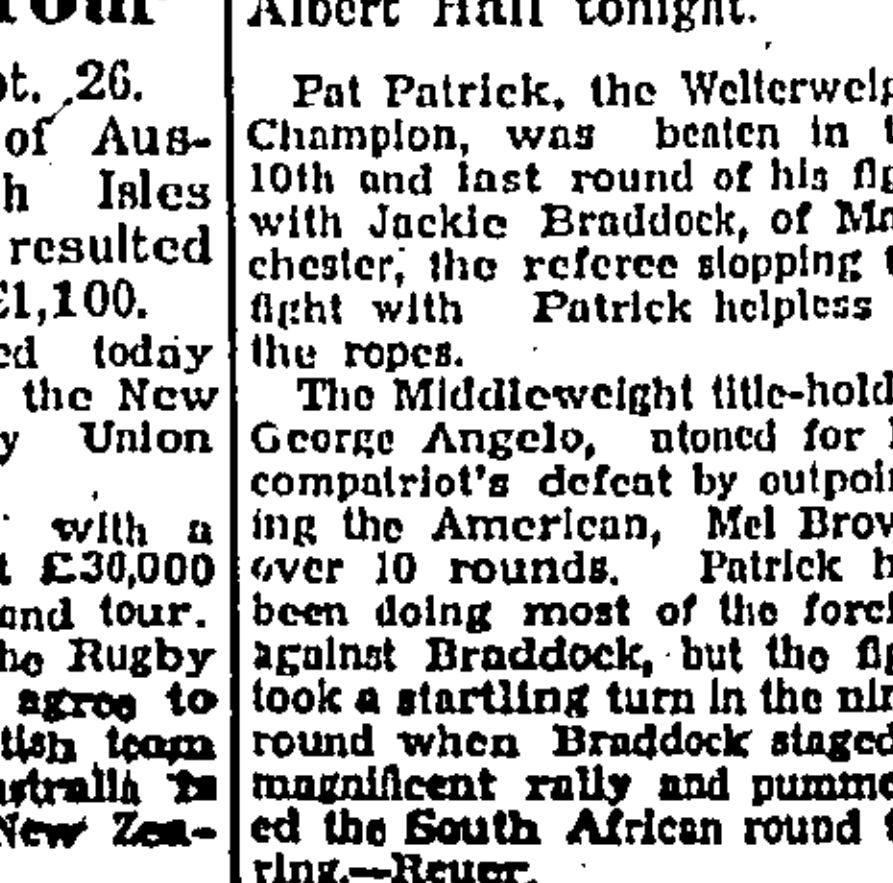
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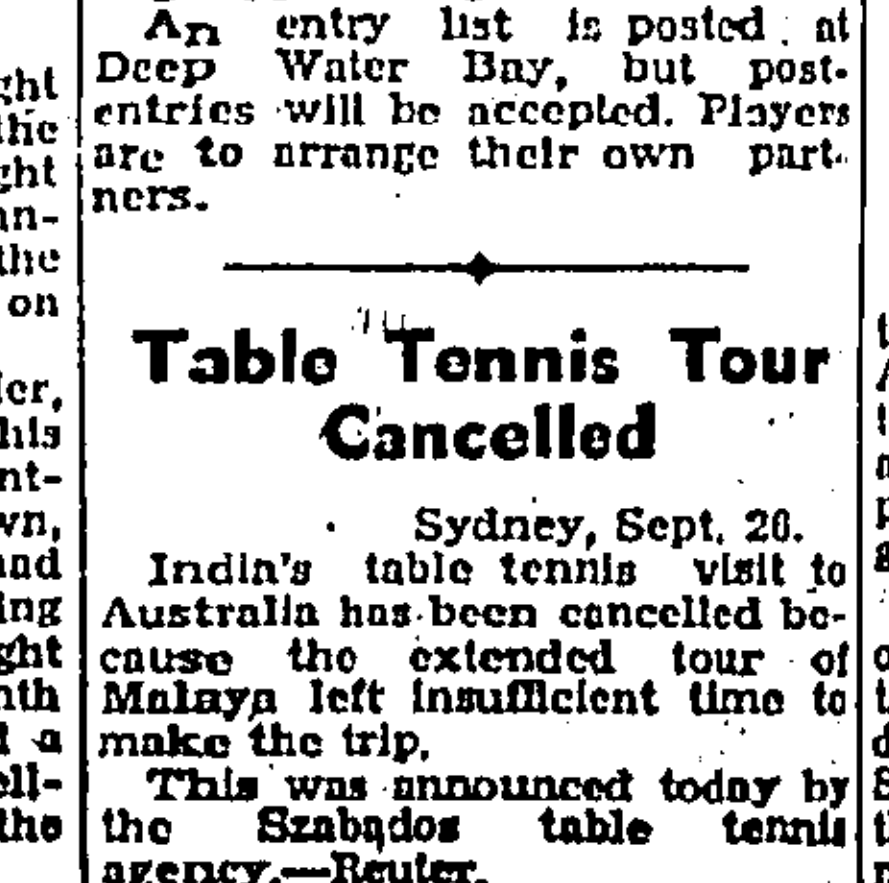
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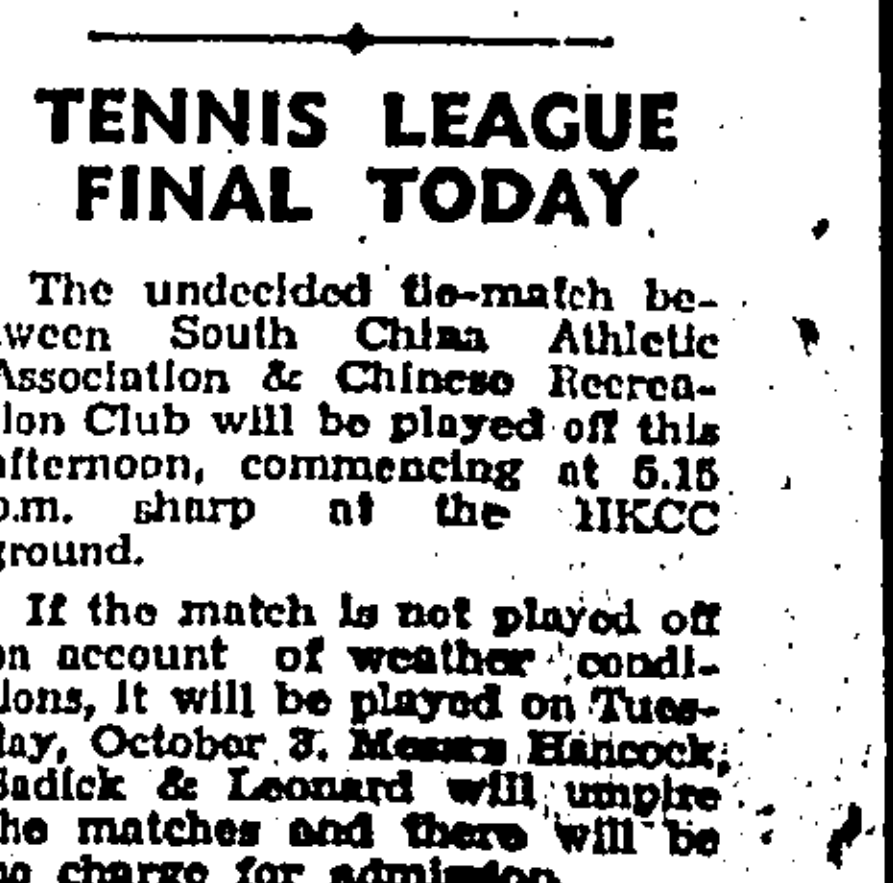
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THE GAMBOLS



THE GAMBOLS



BIG QUESTION: WILL UNITED NATIONS FORCES CROSS 38TH PARALLEL?

In Korea, Sept. 26.

The Communists have suffered a military catastrophe in Korea and the big question now is whether the United Nations forces will cross the 38th Parallel to make sure that the aggressors are squashed for good.

Meanwhile, the Red Communist Army around what used to be called the Pusan beachhead is evaporating. Many are undoubtedly hiding their weapons and changing back into peasant garb.

Political commissars are said to have all pulled out of this area two days ago, whereupon the troops, many of whom were reluctant South Koreans who had been impressed into the Communist Army, went back to the farm as rapidly as possible.

Of course, this does not mean that the war is over; it may never end in a formal surrender. But now the armies, who made the big difference between the two forces before the U.N. armies got going, sometimes have to dawdle in the air waiting for targets to be reported by spotter planes—so speedily and cleverly are the Communists taking cover. Whenever they are caught in the open they are slaughtered from the air.

There was one such episode yesterday when Communists were discovered hidden alongside a highway in camouflaged positions waiting to ambush passing trucks. They were soon flushed out with napalm and ran wildly in all directions into river beds and up the hillsides seeking some place to hide.

Korea to be left to the Security Council for final decision. The resolution being circulated by Britain would call for the reaffirmation of previous Assembly resolutions which established the Commission for Korea and empowered it to observe elections in Korea on both sides of the 38th Parallel and report on the withdrawal of Russian and American troops.

Russia never permitted the Commission to go into North Korea to observe either the Soviet withdrawal, on which Moscow reports were the last word, or elections for the Pyongyang government.

It was understood the United States favoured resuming the Korean Commission to include as many Asian countries as possible. This would spike Communist propaganda claims that the West sought to dominate Korea and eventually all Asia.

Britain was reported not to be in full agreement with this plan.—United Press.

Terrorists In Assam Rounded Up

Gauhati, Assam, Sept. 26.

The police have rounded up 50 terrorists near Nazira, in the Sibagar sub-division of Assam, according to reports reaching here today.

The reports said that the police suspected that the arrested men were members of a "revolutionary Communist party."

Earlier dispatches said that the Assam Government had posted troops and armed policemen in "disturbed" areas where terrorists were killing people and looting property.

In Shillong, the capital of Assam, Mr. H. B. Bhuyan, Secretary of the Assam Congress Parliamentary Party, said yesterday that a "certain political party" had planned large-scale political murders and were "more or less openly challenging the authority of the Government."

Mr. Bhuyan said that he was confident steps taken by the Assam Government so far would bring the situation under control.

Meanwhile, reports from the adjoining State of Manipur, on the Indo-Burma border, today said that leaders had been dropped all over the State asking people to co-operate with the Government in "dealing with Communist terrorism."

The leaders said that in four months Communists and their allies had committed 20 dacoities and three murders.—Reuter.

ALY KHAN'S SALE OF A HORSE

Paris, Sept. 26.

Prince Aly Khan, son of the Aga Khan and husband of Miss Rita Hayworth, the American film actress, was cited in court here today over a horse.

In a plea being heard by the Court of Referees, Mr. Joseph Maradah, a Calcutta businessman, asked for the Prince's sale to him of a horse.

Mr. Maradah wanted the court to appoint an expert to examine the colt Farad, which he said he bought from Aly Khan for 1,500,000 francs. Mr. Maradah alleged he bought the horse without seeing him after meeting Prince Aly Khan in Paris, but that at the first trial the colt proved to be wind-broken.

Mr. Maradah claimed that in the circumstances the sale should be annulled and his money returned.

The judge, ruled that Mr. Maradah, the Assistant Director of the Faris Garden Planters (Zoological Gardens), be charged with examining Farad to see whether the colt's state of health fulfilled the conditions of sale.

No further court proceedings will take place until Mr. Maradah's findings have been submitted, the judge said.—Reuter.

HIGH PRAISE

The Army commanders have all been high in their praise of the Air Force and General William Walker told the Commander of the First U.S. Air Force he thought he was being modest in his estimates of the death and damage inflicted on the enemy.

Seoul has a tower of smoke over it that plumes high in the air—a greyish white column that makes the town look as if it had several volcanoes inside it. A number of Yak planes were captured on the ground at Kimp'o. One Russian-style plane had its bombs loaded, and its engine had been warmed up shortly before the airfield was captured.

Yesterday, an estimated 300 guerrillas were said to be in rice paddies near the field, but whether they would try anything or just melt away and let their comrades in and around Seoul do the fighting remains to be seen.

Rush arrangements are being made to get rice to feed the Koreans, who are with the Americans in that area doing a lot of heavy work and acting as security guards.

Fresh American troops are arriving in Korea.—United Press.

SALUTARY EFFECT

London, Sept. 26.

The Evening Standard tonight said that an advance by United States forces in Korea to the borders of China "would have a salutary effect on Moscow."

American guns would be less than 90 miles from the vital port of Vladivostok, the newspaper declared.

"Port Arthur would be within easy bombing range," it commented on the fall of Seoul in its editorial tonight, the Standard said. "In the next few days President Truman may well order General MacArthur to continue his advance to the northernmost boundaries of Korea."—Reuter.

ADVANCE KNOWLEDGE

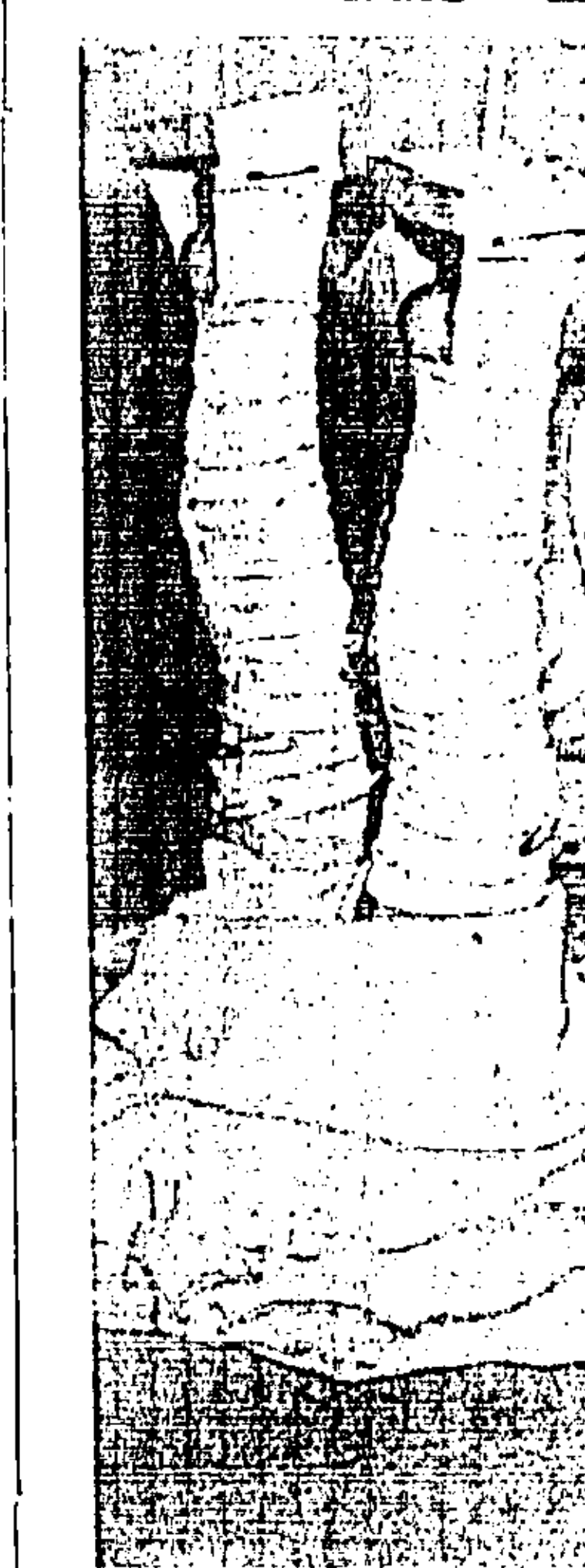
Flushing Meadow, Sept. 26.

Informal sources said today that Britain was circulating a resolution among Assembly delegations to have the United Nations Commission on Korea go into North Korea and make arrangements for free and independent elections for a unified government for the whole country.

The resolution was understood to have been circulated with the complete advance knowledge and approval of the United States. It was expected that the resolution would go before the Assembly's powerful Political Committee when it meets on Thursday or Friday.

However, present plans called for the question of whether the forces under the command of General MacArthur would halt at the 38th Parallel or pursue the Korean invaders to North

Hit By Car



Student nurse Mary Pat Dobel comforts little Nancy Carolyn Heck who lies motionless with both legs suspended in the air in a hospital in Parsons, Kansas. The child's legs were broken when she was hit by a car, but it's only a matter of time before she'll be running about again. (Acme).

GREECE DENIES EXECUTIONS

Flushing Meadow, Sept. 26.

Greece today denied Russian, Polish and Czechoslovak charges that mass executions of trade unions and anti-Fascist leaders were taking place in Greece.

The Greek delegate, Mr. Pannoyotis Cancellopoulos, declared in a debate in the General Assembly of the United Nations: "There has not been one single execution in Greece since 1949, after the two decisive victories of the Greek Army."

Greece had adopted a policy of clemency towards its criminals, he maintained.

The Assembly was debating the "Balkan Question."

It overwhelmingly defeated an Eastern European attempt to have the Assembly drop the issue and examine, instead, "foreign intervention" in Greece.

During the discussion the Soviet Ambassador to the United States, Mr. Alexander Panyushkin, accused the Greek Government of carrying on "terroristic activities."

The Polish delegate, Mr. Julius Hans Suchi, declared: "Thousands of people are being tortured by Gestapo methods at the famous concentration camp of Macronis which is managed jointly by the United States and Greece."

Mr. Cancellopoulos, replying, said that the Soviet Union had "no more" to talk of alleged terror in other countries "until the doors of its own country are opened."

He counter-charged that the Soviet Union had failed to repatriate 28,000 Greek children despite United Nations appeals to that effect.

Furthermore, he maintained that Greece had saved some 70,000 Greek citizens in the Caucasus from deportation to Soviet Russia.—Reuter.

Bird In The Hand



This friendly young bird provides a moment of relaxation and a chuckle for two American soldiers in Korea. The men, Sgt. Edward Sokolowski, left, of Turners Falls, Mass., and Sgt. Jesse L. Hobbs of Atlanta, Ga., are enjoying their first rest in several days of fighting with the 27th Division. (Acme).

Danger Spots In Far East

Lake Success, Sept. 26.

United Nations experts on the Far East are today anxiously studying maps of Asia in an attempt to evaluate the danger spots of aggression on the North Korean pattern.

Their interest has been sharpened by the recent warning given in the Security Council by Sir Gladwyn Jebb, the chief British delegate, that the forces of "Communist imperialism" may strike again at some point in Asia.

An estimate of the present situation in key Asian countries shows the following score:

Burma: The Government of Thakin Nu has succeeded in defeating a number of rebel movements to date. But much still remains to be done.

Karen rebel bands are still fighting from the Eastern hills to the Thailand border, while Communist bands are in some numbers in the Western hill areas of the Lower Irrawaddy Valley.

The Communists, according to the latest reports here, are not as great a menace as the Karens, who are fighting for autonomy.

Thailand: Communist propaganda has made some progress, but no immediate threat of Communist revolt is reported. There is, however, a danger of invasion of armed Communist forces from outside.

Indo-China: This former French colony is generally considered here to be the greatest danger spot in Asia, particularly in view of developments in Korea.

SOME PROGRESS

The French and Vietnamese forces have made some progress in regaining control of important districts from the Vietminh movement under the leadership of Moscow-trained Dr. Ho Chi Minh.

The Communist forces are, nevertheless, estimated to control large "islands" of territory as well as exercising considerable political influence on the population.

They are also said to be building up a strong fighting force with the aid of Chinese arms and Chinese Communist training. United States military aid is beginning to reach the French-Vietnamese forces but not yet in sizable quantities.

Malaya: The British Government has been hunting down Chinese Communist guerrillas in the steaming jungles of this rich country. More than 800 unarmoured personnel and over 800 civilians have been killed to date.

Indonesia: There is no large-scale organised Communist movement in this former Dutch colony, but the Communist Party, which is able to operate openly, is taking advantage of the disturbed political conditions to stir up trouble where it can.

MAIN MENACE

The Philippines: The main menace here comes from the Communist-led Hukbalahaps, who are estimated to have up to 13,000 armed men on the island of Luzon.

The Government of President Elpidio Quirino is confident that it can keep the Huks under control provided that the morale of the people is not affected by economic want and by the Communist victories elsewhere, notably in Korea.

The biggest question mark for Asian experts here at Lake Success is Communist China. It is recognised that although the Peking Government may

Support For Nehru Reaffirmed

Washington, Sept. 26.

The endorsement which the Congress Party recently gave Pandit Nehru, the Indian Prime Minister, was "as good for India as for the world — and for the United States," the Washington Post said in an editorial today.

The Congress Party wanted "neutrality in place of Mr. Nehru's independence," it added, discussing the differences of opinion between the Party and Pandit Nehru.

"Mr. Nehru's independence is altogether different from neutrality in that he insists upon freedom of action in a diplomacy aimed at presenting a general war."

"The fact is that Mr. Nehru's independence is due to his knowledge that in a general war India would be a great sufferer, with its independence endangered and a plunge into hostilities with Pakistan made almost inevitable."

"Mr. Nehru is not pro-American. He is a realist, a realist in understanding the stakes involved for India have thrust him into the position he has taken in United Nations affairs, though a realist with somewhat cloudy overtones."

"That his leadership has been reaffirmed is as good for India as for the world — and for the United States."—Reuter.

U.S. Ambassador Resigning

Washington, Sept. 26.

Mr. Lewis Douglas will be resigning as the United States Ambassador to Britain "in the immediate future," usually reliable sources said here today.—Reuter.

INTELLIGENCE TEST SOLUTION

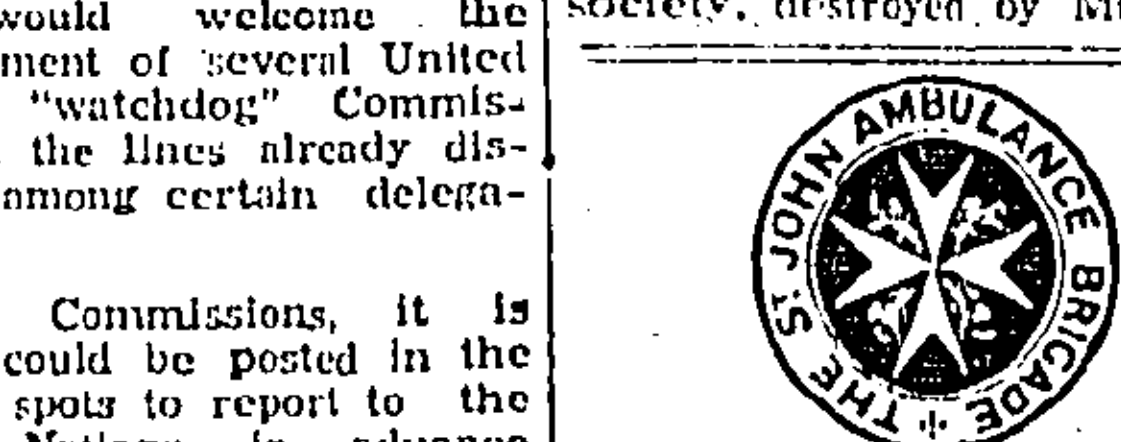
Call the five owners A B C D E. Call the five owners A B C D E. Call the five owners A B C D E. Call the five owners A B C D E. Call the five owners A B C D E.

Each of the letters A B C D E must appear in each row and once in each column. So in each row only A, B, C, D, E can appear. The Latin can now be completed. It will be found that A must be B. Search is made by Mr. Holland. London Express Service.

CHECK YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Answers

- The locality in which it thrives. 2. That branch of the historical sciences which is concerned with the lives of the saints. 3. Frozen raindrops. 4. It is that branch of geology which treats of the origin of rocks. 5. A marriage between a man of royal family and a woman of lower rank. 6. A society, destroyed by Mussolini.

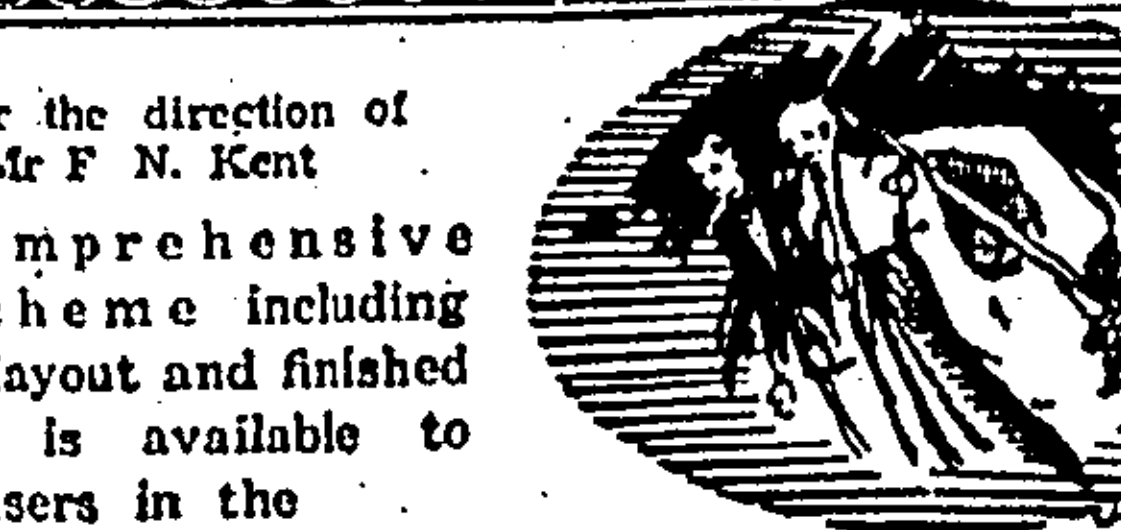


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